Vol II No 28



Saturday, 12th July, 1952

# HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES

# Official Report

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#### THE HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Saturday the 12th July 1952

(26TH DAY OF THE SECOND SESSION)

The Assembly met ut two of the clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chur]

# Starred Questions and Answers

M: Speaker Let us take up questions

### Desiruction of Porest

\*906 5hv: Goprd: Ganga Reddy (Nurnal General) Will the hon Munster for Excise Torests & Customs be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Government are aware that forests are being destroyed in Numal and Boath taluqs?

(2) Whether any action has been taken uguist the Officers who are responsible for this?

اکٹا ر 'کنٹیس یا نڈ فارسٹس مسٹوسری و شکٹ ونگا رنگ کی ۔ وصرے که کشم سکل راز کے کے میں منہ دارصیاد داوان کے مطاب کاروں تک ہا رحی ہے سری کو ی ڈئی 'کار ڈئی ۔ سل مدین ہے ہ رویان طلب کا واق ہے کتا یہ کشس است بین طلب کا ان بین ہے کہ مکارک سےکا ہمیں ہے ؟

سیری کو بی تحتی کا کار نامی میما علنہ اسسال ایسہ ہے ہے شری و میکٹور بگا در تمکی عمارے این اسسال ایسہ بی مام ہے کئی ایسہ ہیں ہے میری:( ایس میکر د (ڈ ( ) عدل 111 ) ہے ہیکٹوب ہ اس کے ہائے

میں کہا آئیں ، د عید کہ دار ہی ہدات کے جین مائیوں دوسرے ا حاص شری و مکشار کیا ر ملک حکل سامی اوسوں ہے۔ اد مرے میں لیکن عبدہ دار سلمند ہوت سام ہے کہ کے کی وجہ سے اس وات یہ سوکنداروں کے معافل کا گا ہے۔

انک نمیددار کا هو به صفا کا گلاہے ان دو مہنون بین یا بدات گرباونان هوں میں برہ مقابات پر معم طاعه عب دنگی ہے

سری کویی دی ککارندی کا اندل اسکے تعدیا ہ اربان به کارک رس هی

شرى و سكت و سكا و شي علم اسلام ها ده مناس مال د مر م سرىداس شكر دار كا سلس دن سامان ع دن ـ \_

سری و کشورگار دای حتے اسلام ہے د ء کی س ( Sympulhs ) عاصل کرے کے ے مدا حوسه دانے کی عسب دعان مے

ساء ام کیا ( وز) دا صحم مے کا وسال کا میاب کا یہ اس کی مگل مائے اے میں

سری و شکتات و شکار ڈی سخے اس طلاح کی میں رہے ہی ۔

شری ام غیا کا از به سه اس دم د ها یا کے پین سری و سکت رنگار آمی ناء و سالان که د مے

شرى إم عا الك دوء قما مر الل عدس \_ الا صاحب الم ماے میں کیا ا سل سسر کو سکل الملال ہے شری و کشت درگار داری است کی اطلاع سرے ان بر ہے

شری کو بی ڈی کیکاریلی کیا آ س سید اس پر وجد سر در سدے ی مامت من دورہ عالم کلے ایکے سکار کے نے کی سائل اے اے شری و سکت د سکار الی اسک کا اطلا سے ہے

شری بیک ان دادگان مراد از محکل در در در در در سدل مسان رورٹ کیا اسی عبدہ دار سے حوکہ اس منگل سے من رابھا مے طلب کی ہی ہے شری و مکٹ ریگاریڈی حس ءہدد رک سا سعین ہے کے س ر وی صعاب کانے میں چینی جان الکہ ایک ا سے عبد دار کے اس سے جی جان ہے میں

عهر اطسال ھ شری داس سنکو راؤ کیا ارسل ہ سار نہ ہانے ہیںکہ سرہ ی سکل س ۔ لکڑی کا بر کےلیے ہ دگر دار عب دیے ہیں

شری و کدف رنگار ایش اگه دکشی دس و بعد ب معن نے رحبے ک اللام ميں مے ليكن ميں ہے انك ساكما ( Circular ) عارى و معا سیان ا سا سه هوگ مارمان ک وای ماس

شری ایم بها کا مواسم مے که وهال کی کانگ س ای نے کہ د د ان رہے ملكر ۽ گلاب کيوا ۾ مين ۽ شری و کشت ریگارنڈی ۔ الکل عاط ہے ۔ تا کس میں انکه سو ا س ناری نے مدد ک ممکل کواے می

شری کویی ڈی کارنای سب این س دو گوس اس ( Left ) ازر ر - Right ) من ا با سر کن سے سمن به کو رمے من

سری و دیکٹ رنگا و بلی مجے یوں عام که سیسلیس می تعسب اور واسب کوں میں لے نہ مام ہے کہ مس کا س سے >> مسلمان برط میں اور میں جانے سے سمبلسن کی

شری می راجه رام ( از ز) این این است مدے کیا کا سلسہ این ے کلات کاے میں ا ن سیر ک اطلاع - ڈاری عبد داروں نے دی م دا حاکمی لوکوں <u>ہے</u>

شری و سکت رنگا ریلی سرے ان سائی ط ز اطلاع ان نے اور اسک یا برس نے ایک متعان ۔ وع کی ہے جه عدیس بعدم مد دا کا

شری من راحه رام - حورووب آل - سدر کو ملی نے وہ سلک کار لا کرباون ( sugestar ) ک طرف سے لی ہے دا کانگر س کے کار یہ کرداوں سے ؟

شری و دیکٹ ریگا ریگئی میں نے کہا ہے کہ یہ سانکی اطلاع ہے۔ عدمان عاری های محنع نبخه معلوم هو عامدا

شری وی گئی دیسیاناً اے (۱۱کوؤه) سرکاری طور تر وہاں کی رماناک مسكالات كا حس هدر حوسه المعالم كي العارب عيكما سوساست بازي اس عير را دوحوسه کاسر کے نیز کھی ہے ؟

سری و سکشر مکا ریڈی سرکاری طور در سر دوجو لنجائے کی احارب ف حکومت اسد کاسکاووں کو لکڑی بعد دسے کے اوے میںسوح وھی بے اساریے میں عدد کے صدد دارون سے واسے طلب کی گئی ہے۔ اسلم سکن ہے کہ اس کا اطام عو حام لیکن اس ویس عب انکؤی د برکی گیجا س بین ہے

شریوی ڈی دیسیائلے سراسوال مورا جس موا سرا ، طل یا کہ عک اسب عو سہول ڈی ہے کا سوسلیٹ نازی کی مانگ اس سے زمادہ ہے ؟ سرى و يكث ريكا ريلى سركار حود مى اس سے وبادہ دے كا سوال بين م

شری مادهو را آو بر لنکر (ه گلول عوط) کنا او ل سمر به الاسکتے هن که سے سرکار کو کسا معیان ہوا ؟

مهر ي و د محضور بگار يأي - سي اسكام باب مر ساكروارها هود كه ولس ا يكس سے انک کیا عمال عوا ہے۔ یہ بنامت معلوم ہو جانگا مانکانیا شری داچی شکر کالیا بولیس ایکشن بند اینک سوداست بازن هی کی ترمیب پیر حکل کالے ها رهے هیں ۲

شری و ینکش رنگا ریشی - امیک کس کی ترفیس سے منے گئے ، غیر اس کا علم چیں۔ ایکن حول اور حولائی کے مہیموں میں حو حنکل کائے گئے عیں انکل مسسد معلوم ہوا ہے کہ وہ آئس ہاوگ کی ترفیس سے کائے گئے ہیں - ایسی انگلاح خارسے پاس نے ۔

شری وی ۔ ڈی ۔ دنسیاللہ ہے ۔کانکریس کے تعلق سے سکل دامے ہ مو پرو اوا د تھا کیا وہ آپ بھی عاری ہے ؟

شری وینکٹ رنگا ویڈی - کا مترسک حاسب سیر مشکل کام ناہر دیے ہے علم جین ہے ۔ سیدھی کے دوحت کانے کا بروگرام دیا گیا تھا یا ہم س محملے . معاومہیں ۔ لیکن سیدھی کے دوحت تو مروز کالے گئے ہیں ۔

شری کے۔ ایل شرمیما راؤ (بابادو - طام) - حمر کوس ( ( tise ) ) کی تحقیات حا وہی میں اسارے میں پیلے ہم ہےکسی دوسری سیاسی ہارڈ پر اثرام لگا۔ اپ آمویل مسئر دوستہ حیال کرتے ہیں "

شری و پشکشار نگا ریٹمی- میں ے کوئی الزام بریں لگایا۔ وامعات سائے عیں۔اس عسم کی اطلاع آئی تھی۔

شری ادھو والم بلیل (عثبات آباد عام) - آمریسل، سنرے مرمایا ہے کہ حاسکی اطلاح کی بناء پر یہ معلوم ہواکہ سوشلسٹ ہاؤئی ہے کٹوایا ہے توکیا آموبال مسئمی کے سورسرس ( Sources ) صرف عامکی الحلامیں میں ؟

شری و پنکٹ رنگار پائی سیں ابھی۔واب نےچکا ہوں نامیں نے تماہ ثابت ہرں کی۔ متعلقہ چوکیداروں کو معطل کردیا گیا تاکہ تحقیقات کے بعد صحیح شہعہ مطورہ وسکے۔

شری کو بی ڈی گسکا ریڈی ۔کہا یہ صحیح ہے که کائٹروس باوٹی ہوبیسوں اور سوشنسٹ باوٹن کو بدنام کرنا چاہتی ہے ؟

Mr. Speaker No question of 'Badnamı'

شری چی - راجه رزم کهاآلویولید شتراسه اسامه دین ایم - ایل- ایر - ی کوئی امیاوشل کمشی ( Impartial Committee ) که درمه تهتیقات کرمیکم ۲

شری و یکٹ و نگا و بلیء - عابیت باس مو قانوں ہے اس میں ایم - ایل ، ایر کو بالھا کر تحقیقات کرے کے لئے کوئی اولان(ک ( Provision ) میں ہے - بلاکہ عبیلہ داروں کی معرفت تحقیقات کرے کے بعد حکم دیا جاتا ہے ۔ یم ی وی دی دنساید ہے سوسا څناری ر جو عترص کیا باہے یا و ۲ دروسر برسکر

Mr Sneal or That is the point isked and that is the miormation given I do not think there is my thinge igamst my puticulu pobtical puty

We have spent nearly 15 minutes over one single ques tion

شری میں واحدوام تحدمات کے مدحوجری اهر سلی کیا اولی ہے نکو عاومن کے باہر رکھینگر

سه ی و ښکای رگار شعب سدن خیس رئیدون و ریل سرن ک احبار ہے مساور ام بوجھ رہے میں و سے اوس وجب علی بوجھ سکے میں

Mr Speal a Now let us proceed to the next question Shu Ankush Rao Venkat Rao

### Payments of Levy Gruns

\*291 Shot Ankush Rao Venkat Rao (Partur) Will the hon Umster for Agriculture & Supply be pleased to state (1) Whether the agriculturists who bring levy grants

to the godowns are paid immediately 9 (2) Whether there is any payment due from the Government for grains recently produced in Partin taking?

(8) What amount is spent by Government every year on the purchase of Baidana ?

(4) Whether pryment is withheld for not depositing Baidana in the godowns 9 (5) Whether and if so how much loss the Government

have memored due to waste of ' Baidana in Partir talun ? مستر فارسلامی، الله اکر کلهر ( ڈاکبر حار ٹمی) عمر کا حواس مے می ا هان عمر دو کا حوال عدمي جن عمر باکا مال له يه که عمل سالون من

بهيلون کي جر دی ۾ جو صريه هوا هر اسک بعصيل اندام ۲۳۲۸ روسر سکه عبا نه سه برم یا س -- 4 -- 4--ITEA .

سد ان ۱۰ و شد , FTATE 4

1626	12th July 1)>2	Starred Questions and Insuers
	ے ۲۳ ۲۳ رو ے ک	سبه پنم این
	47414	سفے ہے دا ہم
	PR 5555	سهیمیا ہ
	V&TTL=	سه منا م
	V***.	
	e 111	44

She Inluk Ruo Venlat Ruo. What is the mode of is certaming the loss that the Government suffers due to waste of Badan.

Dr M Chenna Reddy Usual mode

May Inlush Roo Venlat Roo May I know the usual mode

Di M Chenna Reddy Departmental procedure

Shri Inkish Rao Lenkat Rao. The Department relics on reports but when there is actual loss in the godowns what is the mode of executioning that loss?

In W (hence Reddy That depends on the particular instance that may be brought to my notice

شری اودهو راگرشل هر ویسکودامون در نسبه می دنا خاما ک یکی در رمورف بدلمه عبان اماد بیر وصول هو چی

ڈاکٹر جیار مٹنی بمیان اداد سے اس مسم کی فوی ر ورب وسوں عوں نے یا ہر ں میں یعمر موسر کے بہتن اسکتا

شری بھکو ے وال گاڑھے کوداموں سی سعدر رہوبات رسے حالے میں ڈاکٹہ جار بلنی حال کی حد کلہ رفیر حالے میں

۔ شری بیکٹو ب راڈگاؤ ہے کا مجمع بھانہ علے کی اساس و اب داری موہیں با

ڈاکٹر حیاز بلدی نہ مجمع ہے اور بات نا کے بریل یہ ہے دہ میں سکات کی بھی ابرسل سیر بنانے بیس کہ انکہ بوری انطاز کا بنا ہے

شری دامی سکر راڈ ۔ انصوا وناکی ساساکے نارے سی یہ ال مسعر کو کعید معلوم ہے ؟ مری دانی سنگر راؤ کن کن معاب روو ک بیاء کی می ؟ ڈاکٹر مار ڈی اک سلاب می میں

شری رنگ راؤ دنسمکه ( ککاکیٹر ) کا- ۱۰ دن سے سار تو ( ( > ىلەكاماما\_

ڈاکٹر ساز آب سا طیر زادہ من نا مانا ہے

شری رگ راڈ دنسمکھ کا سہ جے که ککا کھڑ بعامد میں عصلتاروں نے دو دو سر ر بد رگوومین کا

\$اكثر حادثي ارسل عبر بيلي بومهي بواحها هوبا

ి, గోబ గంగారె కాటా పారం కాటా హేమట్టుల బరిశా గండుల י בקרב ע של נידה לל משינה לאמע קפר שים ?

క్రామం రెబ్బు కావీకలి, జతీలు అవియా

شری می همد راؤ (ماگ) کا دمه حدی موی انتر بمدر اسام اسله می وهان ۵ کینکر زمیرد گئی که اردرس وهان بهن ر هان

\$اكل حيار بأي لوى الكردة كركنا عن من بين سحها اكر الرييل ممر ط اسارہ رو کنور ٹ برانی ( Promiement Price ) کی طاعب ہے تو سی که سکنا هود که ای اور بای کی معباول ر ک وو به بی ر امیامه هوا وه ساء می ک بها اسکے عدمان ک اس س دوسم کی گی

شری مادهو راڈ لال سی شل (حداگا ڈرن) لنوی کے نارے سی جو نوس دنا عادا مع وه سبل متواربون كو دنا عادا مع لكن اسا ون كوكيون بين دنا عادا "

ڈا کی سا، ڈی اسا ہوں کے بو س کے سعلق میں سمجھا ہوں کہ ارسل مسر نو علما مهمي هول مع رو كور بسط ي عب رسر راس ( Purchase Puce ) کے طور پر کجھ زمادہ رقیم ان کو دھانی ہے ۔ باکہ عال میں بابی ہے، کی عدک مادہ کیا گیا ہے۔ نوس کی مدک کسی کے ازکان جو اس کام میں لکے رہیے میں اس ہیں \_ نو من طور معاومیہ دیا جاتا ہے

سری مادھ راڈ لال ہے بشار جن معلمات میں ابوی ومیول بیس عوبی وخان سجے کنوں میں کی جانی ؟ اسکر برجلاف میں مقامات ر اوی وسول ہوتی ہے وہاں سحم کیورک مای هم ۲

دُ اکر جا ر بلی حوال انظام میک مون ف انظام میک کرے کی کوسس کی

In w

سری اتا جن زاؤد اینے (ریہی) سا ن ں۔ و س ندی کے سلسلہ میں بہلے رکود کا حات کے اعد ے انے ور عب بور کود نولان کی نومکم دناگ نه برانج نمی کناعل 🛴 🕳 ن و

ڈاکٹر حاریدی سیا ہے کوں بعل ہی ہے

إلت الربيل غير بنان وي بيد سيده سوي نه توق بن دورو بر مارچے جی دا سیے

ڈاکٹر حیار بنے به علط بات کی علمہ سی بی ہے

Mr. Speal et al. I et us proceed to the next question. Sha Andush Ruo Venkut Ruo

#### RATIONING

•2)9 Shu Inl wsh Roo Lenl at Roo Will the hop Minis ter for Azuculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) How long do the Government propose to keep rationing in force ?

(2) Whether there is extroning in villages?

(9) Whether there is my proposal before the Govern ment for decontrolling foodgruns in the State?

شرى حاردى سراك يتمو ت من مك ساس سلة رعور تروي غ عرب و ما به يغي كه من بن ساعة بالأخواب الغيامة السلامية ب A 440 , 1 5

سری عد الرجن ( ملك دائم ) س سه كر حل هوا كى سكه داح كى

\$اكثر حا ديلى حب ك نه ام لوون در حيي سرم سور 4 ربا عاس شری حے رام زنڈی (برسور) دید علامے عومات ہودا ہا۔ کرسکر میں ۴

رُّا کُٹر چینا ر لی سب جاویوں مو عور ٹرے کے مدحب عالات اس ما ال ہدما س او کرسکے میں سی ( As soon is possible

شری افاحی واؤ کو اے ( As sam as possible ) کے سامنی میں ڈاکٹر حاریاری سی مباعد مکن ہو کے شری بهکو ب داؤگاؤ ہے کی کسرول نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے ترکوں و بکلید هورهی ہے کیا اس سلمانہ یں ایمے باس سکاسی وجول ہیں ہوسی

الله على بلك وصول بين عوس -

شرى كسس كو بدا ( اصف اد عام ) كنا اسم لوگ سكي ماس رواعت بهي يو الكو عن هذه سلان كرك كا اسطام كناكا يع ؟

ڈاکٹہ جدار بٹی سی ہے اس عرص کی تکدنی کے لیے اسرواسے سووسے ) کا اسطام کا ه Inter village movement ١

شرى لكشمى كو دارا اس سر بلي كما انطام بها ؟

ڈاکٹر بیما ریڈی ۔ سکہ سکہ دوکامات سے

شرى ادھو دال بالل كيا آنكے ماس كشرول ركھے كے سعلى بي كعه مركك

ڈاکٹر جنار ٹمی جن

شری ادھو واؤ بالیل - کول سی س نوگوں کے ماس رس س ہے اکر کرر سر كولرا فأمكا كالماء

الله الله الله المراكا موات دنا ساحكا في كه مكه مكه دوه من بيس شرى لىداسى مكاحى (معلے كالى) موامعات مى يدوكانات مى سى

لوگون کی مردوب ہوری عوبی ہے۔ ؟ ڈاکٹر چاریاں جہ میں۔

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question Shri K L Naramha Rao

#### TAMINE CONDITIONS

\*824 Shr: K L Narsumha Ras Will the hon Munister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Whether famine conditions are prevailing in the eastern parts of Warangal district?

\$ كثر جداد يأتى - اس سوال كا حو ال عركه ، حي جدن - ا حي كدلس (Condition) - 4 00 سری کے افو برسا راو دانا سیرسان معلج دیار کے ما ہے ہیں؟ المدورہ کافیال و فورکم میں مدان سطح و دوم مورسی سی با ہے ہیں؟ ڈاکٹر حارفتی سو کے وہی مدان خواجات جاتے ہیں ہے ہیں ہے رونگل میں ( ۲) فاکامات سو این جاتے صفحہ اطامِق انتا بات ہے ہیں ہے ہیں ہے ہیں ہے۔ سری کاروازشل رساندی تھی کا کہ دائر کے ان ہے مدان سے میں کاروازشل رساندی تھی کا کہ دائر کے ان ہو سے سے سے کسان کا انتخاب کا ہے کہ مدان کے انتخاب کا ہے کہ مدان کے انتخاب کا ہے کہ مدان ہے کہ ہے ہے۔

ڈاکٹر حارشی اسا حی ہے

سرجی اربیه کلادوی ( الر ) با کومخام هم دو بند بر پان بد برسے کی وجه سے وفائل کا توگ عدی جود با نام بیار کے میں ؟ ڈاکٹر جا رشای س کے من وفائلگوں بانس( ، ram Shoy) لوگوں کی سیائٹ کیانے رکھے کے میں

سری کے افل ہر مماواؤ کا سائل علاموں میں سرک ی طو عدد دکارں وکھی کی میں ؟

سی سی سال . گارگر ساور بلدی خان سرکاری طور در دخاناب دنین گی هن سری:داسم شدکر و از د دور شد می باز ن به خویشک ک رمه بید و هان کی ۲

سالت ہے ؟ ڈاکٹر خاریتی اب تاری ہرمکل ہے اسلے میں سمجھا ہوں عموب دیے کی مرورت یہی ہے

الحكآمر على مجو طندو مين كنيج دكانب مين ؟

الم کر حارثے مامہ فاری مکرس ( Pigutes ) موجود میں ہیں۔ شری عبد الرحمی حکاری کے سعانی اصار سعی زواند میرس عمی میں ک وفال معد سروع موکا ہے کا یکن معاویہے 4 سکے استفاد کرنے کوسٹکاسومیا وقیاری عمل سروع موکا ہے کا یکن معاویہے 4 سکے استفاد کرنے کوسٹکاسومیا

گرا کرد میان دی آب کن استاره کی قداد اساز کورچه دد این مین سیمیا بین حداد استفادی و در مدید میرگی با و داده داد در درسس ( (Representation ) کماک بهای در در افزاید دید این کامیا در داداک استار میرای در افزاید به کماک میادید در بین می حوار دید کی حواصری کی در نبی دودوست، دی گری اور دواسیکای باز در اور کمدوستان که علی در مرسس کا آن کو حود دید یا استای

desernes a شہ ي كرنے را مر بلكي الكلم) الكلم كے ورے بعاموں من حارث كي طب ع وهالد كما أبطاء كما كما عد .

- 4 000 Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question Shri L Il Ganeriwal

#### COTTON SEED CONTRACTS

\*850 Shr. L R Ganeraval (Ramayanpet) Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Whether the provisions of the Cotton Seed (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order, 1952 published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary No 85 dated 20 5 1952 are being enforced in Hyderabad State with effect from 22nd May, 1952?

(2) Whether the settlement in respect of the out standing contracts, was made at the market rate on 22 5 1959, in Latur, Purli Vanyanath Cotton Market ?

(8) If not, what action had been taken by Government against the offenders ?

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next mestion Shri L R Ganeriwal

#### OIL SHED CONTRACTS

\*850 Shrs L R Ganeraral Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Oil Seeds (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order issued through SRO No 897, and

(2) Whether the Vegetable Oil and Oil Cakes (Forward Contract) Order issued through SRO No 898 are being enforced ?

\*88) Shr: Bhaguan Rao Borall ar (Basmath General)

Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

- (1) Whether harvests of crops were good in 1951 9
- (2) What is the forecast of food grops this year ?

ڈاکٹر حاربتی() سال سه وو مس عند عاس کی اے والی مسل کے اوسط کا اندازہ روسه سی ے اے کنا گیا بھا یہ ریاست کی عا مصل سے جب تم ہے صلف غدان مصلون کے زیر کاسب رقب می جو لا کھ انگر کے اجادہ سے ہے۔ لاکھ در وبادر پیداوار کی اسد ہے

#### TACCAVI LOANS

\*886 Shri Bhagwan Rao Boralkar Will the hon Minis ter for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Government have received any com-plaint that Taccani loans are not being given to needy kisans in Parbhani district?

(2) If so what measures have been taken by the Govern ment m this regard ?

. \$ أكثر حياً ريدي سوال بيركسي ساص مدت كا اندازه جدر هوبا اس بارس من . عال مين كون سكامات وصول جين هون هن كعه عرصه صل ايك كسي مواسقه عاري کیا گیا میا سسکر دردد سے کاکٹر صاحبان کو دد خدا س دی گی بھی که عام طور سے وجه ال توگول کو رہ دنا سانے سو سود ھی آلات وعمرہ کی مواھم، کسٹیر وہ آگائے کے

شری دیگ داؤدنسمک ، دی موغرس کسانون کو دی سان ماهیر و اسیر غریب کسانوں کو یوں دی۔ ی بلکہ اسے لرگوں کو دی مال م موکوں دوسه و کھے هور براسكاكيا ومديق و

\$ كرا مدار بذي اس بادر من بين اس عد صل كيد عدة عود معر اسكي وماهس كردا ساها هول كه قرص دسر كے مواعد هوں الله مواعد كى روس دوا ما ما ما ف دال

Anapos لنکل عارمالشر ( Legal formalities ) کی عامے اگر کہیں عرب اسر کا اساء کا عاما ہے یو سرے ماسر آئر بال مسر اس مس کروافعہ لاسکر میں۔

شری ریگ را دنسمکه - معاوی کے طور در قوص کسا دما حاما مے ؟ شرى مادھو راؤں لکو - کیا بعاری کے بعد بھی رہم دھانی ہے ؟

دُاكُمْ حِما ر بلني - سرے سامير دو سوال آگير هن -شدى بهكى سى د او كال عد - كما حكومت كى دد دالسم عد كد دماوى كا مرص سطور کریے میں اس کا میں لحاط رکھا سامے کہ سرکاری رہم وصول ہو ؟

\$ اكثريدا ريلي. وره همان سركارك اس دمه دار حكه يو شهي كاكوني على بين

شر ی عد الرحمی - معاوی کی درمواسب بسش هو سے کے بعد اسکل مطوری کے لیر کے سہے لکے میں ا

الكريما و يلى كس مدكلا درمواس دى كى عداكمان دى كى د كوس ویت دی گی نے ، نه سب چربن هی حکو دیکها نژیکا سرے پاس اسی بوکریں الحلام بين كه فلان درسواست ملان روز يسس هوأن في ...

شرى حى كويال داؤ ( داكهال)-آرسل مسترت حس كشي ك سعلى كها يد كيا اس كاحواله دينكر ٢

\$ اكثر چما ر بلى- "كسى برى جوء سلاماكا ہے . اسلىم اسكا مشاق معلوم بين . शीवती मासाताई (बायमारे) - ट्रेंकर्ड सरीवनेके किये कुट्टी कोगोको कर्या दिया जाता है किनके पास पैसा होता है। नया पजह है कि जुनको कर्जी नहीं दिया जाता जिन्हें अुरुकी

बक्ख होती है ? ڈ کر جیار بڑی۔ مہر اس مدیدے ہوری مدیردی ہے ۔ میں ہے کہا ہے کہ اس اسم کی گئی ہے ۔

شرى شيش والر مادهو والرواكم إرے - ( بلكه ) سال حال بيدر كيام كيا رادى الله عارياتي ماوى كے على مد ميں -آب كس مدكياتي دومانسكروھ مين ؟

شری شیش راڈ مادھو راڈ واگھار ہے۔ رواعب کسائے ۔ رُوْرُكُوْ جِمَاءِ بِلَّي - وراعب كيائر يعاوي دي جابي ہے -

شريحي لكشعر وأني ( ماسواره) -كما آمرسل مستركو معلوم عدك حير ياس ربین میں فے آنکو ساوی دھان فے اور وہ اسے سے لیے میں ؟

و الكرجا و يأى مهم اسك اطلاع جن - اكركول حاص كيس هو مو اور المه

شری الحس راؤ کوائے میں اس کہاگا نه عرب کسامیوں کو ماری دیے کے ارےمیں عور کیا حارہا ہے دیا حکو س کے سامے دون اسم فےکہ الے اسانوں کو به دیکر عرب کسانوں کو دانلہ انہاں کا مومر دیا جانے ؟

الأَرْسِيمَارِ لَمْنَ مِن عَا مِن كَمَاكَهُ مِن حَرَدُ مِورِكُمَّا عَارِهَا هِي ـ ما دار ل سعر سے موت کو رابر ان س سکے اس کے کہا کہ عملی مواعد میں حکر لحاطے عمل ہوتا ہے ۔

شرى عبد إلوجي فرص ميرف بنه دار هي كوديا بدايا عيديا تكان داري 9 a bla bs ...

الأكثر بدار شي بن سنعها عول كه آمرسل مندر حوكاوكيل هي ايراي وو عود اس دات کویستی سکر هان

شرى سى مدسى راق اس سال احسى عاوى سطور هوي غ الكراسك سرقعيك سی سلامے کا اب اس سے واسے میں ؟

أَذَاكُهُ حِمَا رَفَّى السَّكِسُ الله سن كه رغم من ا

شری سے " همس وال اس آسل اعل کے مارے میں کے رهادوں ۔ بين ر اگر ا ساكون كس هو دو ارسل سير اس كو سير به باس لاسكي هين ...

شرى سى مىسىرۇل د ناب عام ھ.

ڈاکٹرچار آی عام ہے اسا ہو ہیں ا شمرى ير صدر (كاروان) كنا ابرسل سشركو اسكل سويها ( عيري ) م كد پایگه میں بعاوی عوام اور کساموں کو ہی دعا کر صرف و دیل طبعہ کو ڈیل بعاوی دنگئی ع ا اس نارے میں اطلام ملے ہر عکمہ نے کا کاررواں کی ؟

اً کثر جمار شی اگر اطلاع هوی شد دو کارووان هوی هوکی ساسوس جان سلاسكنا

#### HARLIAN WELFARE FUND

\*502 Shri Shamrao Bhikaji Jadhav (Basmath Reserved) Will the hon Minister for Social Service be pleased to state

- (1) What portion of the provision of Rs 2 lakhs made m the budget for 8 months for the Welfare of the Harrjans has been spent so far and for what purpose?
  - (2) What is the balance?

श्रीपाल सर्वित मिनीस्कर (भी श्रामाधेक) प्रस्त यह है की हरियन जुजारा में तीप महिने के किये हो कास रुपये बजेट में दि रखें गय है। यह की क्षेत्र की गये गीर कितना क्या नाकी है?

बुपर म निवेदन हैं कि माननीय सदस्यों को मासून हो की दो जास करने दूरे वर्ष के किये दिये देने हैं न के डीन मार्ड के किये। क्वोंकि स्टरकारी दिवाद का मासिक स्टेटमेंट समार नहीं किया जाता विश्व किय यह नहीं बराकायां जा सकता कि डीन मार्च में किटना क्वांचें हुआ और फिटना सामी है।

# बरे सक्तरदेव कीयाका वजेट कगर (९) महिने का ही तो जिसमें यह शामील नहीं है।

### Habijan Welfare

\*508 Shrs Shamrao Bhikaps Jadhav Will the hon Minister for Social Service be pleased to state.

(1) What measures have been taken so far by the Government to promote the welfare of the Harnans?

(2) Whether there is any scheme under consideration of Government in this regard?

की आपर्या ने स्वराधिक में १५ र रिवारी के देशा विकार के जिसे ही सोक्याप्रीत की की स्वाराधिक की स्वीराधिक की स्वीराध्या की स्वाराधिक की स्वीराध्या की स्वाराधिक की स्वीराध्या की स्वाराधिक की स्वीराध्या की स्वाराधिक की स्वीराधिक की स्वीराधिक की स्वाराधिक की स्वाराध्या की स्वाराध्या की स्वाराधिक की स्वाराधि

भी शक्तरवेव शिक्षके किये नोटीस वाहीये। वरतक् नोटीस नवें हर विस्तिकट का साम सकत बका कैसे बताया जा सकता है?

شری گسیت واؤو ا کھاوسے (د کلویسود)۔ چارہے کا حو کام سکھا احادا ہے کہا یہ چارہے سے سکھادا حادا ہے یا کامدوں ہے ؟

भी शक्यदेश दोगोवे विकास शाहा है, पहछे कामक्ते किर वमनेसे।

की सलरदेश दीवर और हिंगोकी में कोकें गर्ने **हैं।** 

Staned Questions and Answers

مری حبر بی مسال راڈ (کدیا وہ ی ح عورها ييم 9

भी भक्तकेश मीटण्य पारा समाना समाना साथी स्त्रीय पर को सभी हो खा है यह बराबाया का सक्तर व

مدى مادهو والأمراسك كنان فاحدول من مدب در مان د كالرك میں با دو ہے ہے آسکر میں ؟

भी सकरदेव जिन जामाने जिन ह नहीं जिसमें सासकते हा

شری مادھ راؤر ٹیک کا به محم جن ہے ک

اِفَكَ إِسْ بِيلِ ثِينِ مِن نِهُ جِهِمَّا جَاهَا هِوِنَ كَا يَا رَسِ کیے میں ہے

भी भारत्येव वा हारमना हु की अक भाषा विचार्यी बसाबी हो विश्वके किय विचारा दिन

مسٹر اسسکر کارمانے میں کام کس طح سک ، ۔ میں U+ -- U-

## WATERANY HOSPITAL-MANUFANI

\*889 Shr: G Sreetamulu Will the hon Munister for Social Service be pleased to state

 Whether the Social Service Department intends to help in the construction of a Materiaty Hospital in Manthani tales for which the Social Service Committee had collected s 2000 in idelition to the sum of Rs 7000 collected by the l'absilder for the purpose?

भी सकरवेश पर निर्मित हास्थित्मध के भारतन्त्रत का स्वयं मेरिक्क विपारमेंड से ह नौर मानरेक्स हेल्य मिलिन्टर किम कारे में मकत के सकते हु। क्षोक्सियस समीह किराइमेंट किस तरफ काल कार्यांकत कर सकता है।

شرى حى مىرى (املو(محى) كنا مل سمرده مى دى بد عال عى مى ا کر ایر دو مراد زو پر ومول کر گر مین ؟ भी शहरदेव नहे मानुस नहां कि नातमाधिक्तिम ( Non Official ) मीदोत

क्सा क्या है। सरकारने विनका कोबी नतकर नहीं है। شری می سری راملی مصلفار ماست می مود تک ( Collect ) کما ے اور وہ آپ بھی کے وار ہے جس

मी शकरवेथ भू होन मरकारी इक्तियतके नहीं बन्ती बातनी ईक्तियतचे कमेन्द्र किया होता

A issuers مری عی سری را بای محصلهٔ صاحب ه د کرم های و د د کیک کر ع ديد س مركوات من الكيماوي سو م

Mr Speaker The hon Member can ask a question but can not custicuse

को सकत्वेव कोओं भी सरकारी अधिकारी जानगी हरियटसे बक्ष्य काम कर शकता ह बसे बहु रोटी साता हू बढ़ता हू जुद्धा हू जीर विसी प्रकार मण्ड काम के लिय दान भी बसूल कर स्टरी ह

سرىمى ھىس راۋ سە مى وصل كر كے كه كاھ

भी सक्रदेव भवा काम न गर शरकारी मनध्य कर सक्ता ह और न सरकारी: GRID BANK-PIRTUR

\*298A Shr: A thush ao Venkatrao Will the hon Minis ter for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to state

(I) How many grain banks are functioning in Partur talug 7

(2) What is the amount of grains collected in these grain banks ?

(8) Whether it is a fact that Jawar is not given on loan to the needy by these gram banks?

(4) If so for what reasons?

3

مسٹر فار! والی ری کیٹرکس (مری دوی سنگه حوطان ) ریس مام کے سفد درمين وه گرين مكن هن دوسرے حصد كاء دور فے ك عال وہ م مك مم لے 1 سر کاکس ( Collection رهو سسر عدره کا ما سادھ کے مس معص كدمن مرورب عوالمكر سرس Shaues ) كي تحاطي و مد دا ماما ي اگ سکرستر کناپسل میں اس گجا س جو ہو وریہ میں دنا حایا

شرى بهكوب راؤ كاؤ في كاند محم في كه كان ك موعد وصال كان في سکا سعد بنا ہے کی کی نے ؟

شرى دور مسگه حو مال نه عام لين دين كه پر سو سك كي ك بي هي ك ين في شری رگ راڈ دسمیک کرن مک کل سکم امھی موے کے اور دناکام میں

شرى دنون سكه حوطال مدعلات من شمار وصع كا دايد كاكان كه اسكم ملور ( farlure ) جن ه Shu 4nl sah Rao Venl at R to With whom the grains are

سری ان و ام کس و او ( صد صدر ) سن تک سرون و داماها من سری مدی در داماها سد در یک می بردی و بردی است در یک می بردی و بردی سد بردی می بردی می

سری بیگو میں راؤ گاؤ ہے۔ نہ کیما عظم نے کہ کا ی تک کی کم راسان ہیں۔ ہوں سنکر ان دیبات میں سکم سل رہی ہے

میری ایا جی راڈ گرانے ایمی حس سرے ، کہا ہے کہ کہ جی ساری ناو باور خدا آما ہوائے سکے معملی میں عص کر ہا کہ حکہ اوسوالات کی حو ساما ساری طاحت دیے حالتے میں سلنے طار را سالات کرنے کی وس جی ہے۔ سری بچکو میں راڈ گا ایکے ہے حوسالات جیے رائے عدن دیکے عسلی دکھیا

#### Unstarred Questions & Answers

#### KASIM RASVI S TRIAN

110 Shu Adrayan Rao Vakul Will the hon Minister for Lvw and Endowments be pleased to state

(i) Whether the Advocate General was paid any special fee during the trial of Kasim Razvi?

(11) If so what was the total amount paid to him?

OS R. 20 000 1,17,530

Shir Jagannath Rao Chandail: For the conduct of cases relating to the tual of Kasim Razvi the Advocate General, in accordance with the decision of Government

(i) was paid a special duly fee of Rs 250 on such days as he appeared along with Shri Ethi q Special Prosecutor engaged for the purpose and of Rs 500 on such days as he conducted the case by himself

(st) The total amount of fees paid to the Advocate General is O S Rs 1 88 050 as per detuls appearing below -1 She Shrikbande the late from 1 9 40

Advocate General	1	to the end of January 1950
<ol> <li>Shii Rajmam Iyet the pre- sent Advocate General</li> </ol>		om 1250 to the end of Feb
(s) Shoebulla Murder case		
In the Special Pribunal In the High Court		OS Ra 9 100 27 750
(ss) Bibmagar Dacosty case		
In the Special Tribunal In the High Court		9 450 7,280
(sss) En Montelet e case		
In the Special Tribunal In the Court of the Speci Judge	al	1 000 17,500
In the High Court		45 500
	<b>l</b> otal	1 17 550

L A Bill No XIX of 1952 a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act, 1951

M: Speaker We shall now take up L A Bill No XIX of 1959

Shes V B Rayu Mi Speaker Sir I beg to move 'That LA Bill No XIX of 1952 Bill to amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act. 1951, be read a second time سرخاوی که اصافیے میں اس ان ہر و بات مامل مجھے اسلے ام جون الی ⊃ کی مسل عا یک بر سمجا ان میں مداک میں ( C e ty کے ما یہ میں میں کار کا کا کا کا عالم کے لیے عرصہ ان

A) I B Bays In Speaker Sr tie defin tom of gratury is she quest once by the ho Membe we do ust gratury is she quest once by the ho Membe we do ust gratury as understood a respect about a states and a tie contact of employees matter a said to real re numerat on to be provided for the fathful serve of an employee

1912 ( Bill to amend the Hyderel ad Shops & I stal lighments Act 1951

Shri V B Raju The Condition of dism stal is but down there But gratuity will be paid only for a incharged employee I will read that

An employer shall except for musca fuel layer us with the services of an employee who has been in his to utinious employment for a period of not less than any months (including the past of the period if any before the conin encement of this set; without giving such employee a grituity 'uncounting to 15 days a crage wages for each yeur of continuous service subject to a maximum of average wages for 15 months.

In a the clause the hon Member will find that if an employee is dismissed for misconduct he is not entitled to gratuity That is how I tay to distinguish between dismissal and discharge

The hon Member desired that the gratuity provision must be extended to those employees who would get out of a parts cular employer s employment of their own accord Now two categories are going to be covered when this Amendment Bill is passed One is the employee that will be discharged by the employes and the other is the employee who would retire after reaching the superannuation stage. The third category that the hon Member desnes to be provided here is the employee who will go out of the employment of his own accord I hope that is his desire But if that is going to be provided here it would create a lot of confusion. Off hand it will be very difficult to say unless I examine the whole affau No doubt it is necessary in cases where the employee after having put in faithful service falls sick for a continuous period of a year or two and then he is disabled to resume employment Such cases need and deserve sympathetic consideration I can not at this stage say how it can be provided and how it would properly fit into the framework of this Statute and it may lead to some complications and also to the abuse of such provision As such it would be very difficult for me to commit myself at this stage in this regard But I shall cultainly keep in view the case of such employees who due to misfortunes due to accidents are exposed to disablement and will not be in a position to resume work. But I will not be able to commit myself for the employees who would leave the employment of their own accord If the employee without consideration of the interests of the employer leaves the employment for his

L I b || \0 \IX of 1) a2 a Bill to amen! the Hyle clc I Shope &

One hendit the employer cannot be sked to pay gatuly An unplayer will be ready to pay gatuly An unplayer will be ready to pay gatuly an unplayer will be ready to pay gatuly an employer will be ready to pay gatuly and the payment and payment payment and payment payment and payment payment and payment payment and an engla as such It as made obligation when the employer and inconvenience the employer and about it is paid when the employer cannot conclude the suggestion regarding the employees with all can't for long prend and a mild with the payment of the suggestion regarding the employees which all can't for long prend and a mild with the payment of the payment of the supply seems to be supply the payment of the payment

#### Ur Speaker The question is

That LABill No XIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act 1981 be read a second time

The Motion was adopted

Wr Spealer We shall now take up the amendments

Shri J K Pranesha Charya Vi Speaket Su I beg to move (a) In line 7 of Cliuse 2 of the said Bill after the figures 1948 insert the following brackets figures and word namely—

#### (LXII of 1948)

(b) In line 11 of Clause 2 of the said Bill after the figures 1986 insert the following brackets figures and word namely—

(IV of 1986)

Mr Speaker The object of the amendment is probably to give a number to the Act

Shri J K Pranesha Charya —Yes Su so that there may not be confusion after I want to make it more specific

Ur Speaker Motion moved

Shri V B Rayu Mr Speaker Sir I am prepared to accept
the amendment

- LABII No YIY of 12th July 1952 1952 Billo men l
  - Hill fe b I Slope d.
- Mr Speaker So the tmen liment has been accepted There is no amendment to Clause 2 Vov the quest on is
  - That Clause 2 as amended stand part of the Bill
  - The Motion was adopted
- Sira A kushrao Veni isao Ma Speake Sir I beg to move
- (a) In hi es 9 10 and 11 of paragraph (a) of Clause 8 of the said Bill one the words beginning with the words and shall also dec is an lending with the wirds a new shall be
  - pud

    (b) In h c 4 of paragraph (b) of Clusse 3 of the said Bill

    fo the figure 60 substitute the following figure namely

    AN
  - S/1. L K Shoreff Mr Speaker Point of Order The amendment sought to be moved a opposed to the Statement of Objects and Revisors given in the Bill
  - Mr Speaker L: the first place the Statement of Objects and Reasons a not part of the Bill I deere is also unother amend ment smaller to the one moved now by Shri L K Shorff
  - ShiL K Sh off Mi Speaker Su I do not propose to move that amendment
  - Mr. Speakes Now there is an amendment to Clause 8 hy Shi I O Deshpan in ewhelr runs as follows Add the following pasagraph. He wants to amend section 96 after the lat line But that portion has not been intended to be amended by the hon Minister though the section is the samended.
  - Sh . V D Deshpands I can read out from the mar gual note here
  - M: Speaker The marginal note also has no mpor tance whatsoever just as the Statement of Objects and Ressons
  - She V D Deshpande I would plead that the unendments which have come before the House to section 88 and to sub-section (1) are new amendments A new sub-section (1A) has to be added Sub-section (1A) and unalifying the sub-section (I) What has been said in

wherein (i) is bein, burther explained by with action (i) and the state of the my contention that with section (ii) has come in consideration and the sub-section which long side la a new one A has been stated in the lidit stid! that it is (14) its concented with it and is being that the content is section which the state of the learned in its extra way. Therefore I feel that is that section is being an area of the light section and the missimizer of the light the sections and the missimizer of the light that the section is the section of the light that th

(1 t) Where gratuity is payable to an employee under subsection (1) the employee shall be entitled to receive his makes until the date on which the gratuity so payable is actually paid.

It his is in cleuly stud here that Whete gratuity is provide, it is includy extended as bestone (1) the employee shall be critical to receive his wages. So the gratuity is metimized in sub-section (1.4). Let ham other matters us, now find to be ideal and moderatally the editional substitution of the hon. Minuteer to bring something new, there he width two to put the Clause as \$6.(2) and the present \$6.(1) would have become \$8000. It is quite clear that it is, the microtron of the hon. Minuteer to amend \$6.(1) and therefore the substitution of the hon. Minuteer to amend \$6.0 and the present \$6.(1) would have become \$8000. It is quite clear that it is, the microtron of the hon. Minuteer to amend \$6.0 and the present \$6.0 and therefore the house the substitution of the hone that the hone of the hon

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I A Bill to XII of 12th Indu 1992
1152 a Bill to im id
the Huderabad Sheps &
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1013

Letablishments det 1 101

Therefore this smendment of the hon Member is not an smendment to the unrending Bill but in amendment to the original Clause in the Act

سرى اللير و ١١ جان سكس ٨٠ كرعب هدى صوب ٥ ديكها والع كد

28 (1) An amendment must be relevant to and within the scope of the motion to which it is proposed

آت ہے مدا دست سی کتامے وہ و سہ ان دی اسکوب ( Within the scope ) ان م اس سرا خار مین کیا ما کیا : میار لیرب شرک طویسه و و (ایم) واسلسیل کاگاہے اور اسم سے سکس (اے) اند ( Add ) کناگا جا اب عواسلے ا ٤ هـ استان حد اور العاط راد، كان كوسس كنكي هـ اور استان العام كرجيم ( Change ) كا عارها في اللي أكا عو اسلسك في اس عن أكا سعيد دوب بون هورها في \_ اب سوال به في كه ١١ و مه ان دى اسكوب ( Within the Scope ) هورها هے یا بیس به ارزلبوت ( Irrelevant ) هے اسلے میں سمجہا هوں که اس اسلمنگ که لایا حاهم

مدى كى قال ال سير استرس مى به معلم كالماها هدل كه مو اسلسك الله و اصل الكا كلے في ال كلے اور مدم عوري م وه اصل ما ون من هوره رهے دا فرمین کید که اصل انکٹ میں وم (اے) کے سب سکی (sub section) كبلي له استمنت انا هے اور انسا هي مين بد جهاجون

شرى وى دىسانلى مىكلارسكىس ( Clarification )كىنى Add the paragraph ( Words ) به بدل رها هدن که بعر په دردس مين به لنا ماهاهون كه مدر آاد ساس ايند اطالسدس انكان ( Hyderabad اکاری ( Refer ) این ( Shops and Establishments Act 45 A 1-544 2 . 144 4511

The following paragraph after the 1st line to clouse 8 of L A Bill No XIX of 1952 a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act 1951

اسکر ایر نعی سرا براگان ( Paragraph ) اداع ، اور مو (اے) نے اسکو (ی) مانا حالے اس سے بلے می مسال هاوس کے سامیر انا دیها اور اسا می سوال أسبك اور دني اسبك كي سال رك ارب مين عي انا مها . اس يم ماد طاء ي كد سکس وم (أيم) اورلوبك ( Imelevant ) هم

Shot L K Shoff The amendment that is proposed to be moved is meant for changing the content of section 36 (1) of

1352 a Bill to 4me id the Hydriabad Shape & Establishments Act 1051

the main lact in last Clause 8 of the proposed Bill Suce that is not relevant to clause 9 and since the words 15 says do not appear anywhere noclause 9 of the proposed Bill I submit but it is grelevant to the amending Bill

भी स्वाचारक स्वरूपी अंतर्गत मानदार अर्थ महाहि स्वीप्त मीद स्वीद होता. के मिलीन में बात विचा या वा च मुक्त कि यह कि मानिक साहि हा स्वा कि अरुद्राम के ब्या में साहि स्वाद दिवा हिंदि ही कि यह के मानिक साहित हो । यह कि (%) han) दिवा मान अंतर्ग कि साहितीय मुझे साम मानवार ( hyacono is) , के मीत्रण स्वाप्त ना करनी निक्त प्राचित कि नारिक कि साहित कि मानदार के मानदार स्वित्य साहित कर विद्यारिक मानी की मीत्र मानिक साहित कि साहित मानदार के मानदार स्वित्य साहित स्वाप्त की साहित मानदार मानिक साहित साहित साहित स्वाप्त मानिक साहित साहित स्वाप्त स्वाप्त

यश जो नवान्त्रण नया गया ह यह १६(१)में मातरिक्षण ११६(१) जो को कार्यव्यक्तिय ( (intocusual) जमला इसी रून सम्पन्ध दिन से लिए नियद को कीलों करावस्य (intocusual) क्यांक्रस्या इन स्वत्य क्ष्यान्य कार्यव्यक्तिय क्ष्युं करोर तो यह नीरिक्ष्य नव्य ((Ingunt let) किनो व परातानिक हो नागा इ नवे सर्वेष्टव्य प्रमु (Move) माहे क्रीवरों को नक्ष्य के क्षित्र नेक्स्य (bection) हे व्यक्तिक हो निवासे कार्योक्ष्य नव्यक्त पातान्य कार्यक्रिक हो किनोक्ष कार्याक्ष्य कि क्षयान्य पर स्वतिक हो।

سیری لیکسمی کی آیا سسواست سو اس زیاد (به) ( شد) از صدیدید در ساخت با در با دس الاستان ( Moditional ) بقد تحق ( ( به) تا انویس ( Powninal) با در به ما طابعه سیری حیکانا هواید سیسیتی شد است بین در اطراح ( Add ) تا شد بین مساوت سرخ در سروت ا اساست بالا دریاس می حاکمت برود ( Warylay) مین شده دوام دوسرد بود ( Move) و دریکاری که گرفته دی استشد قابل میزید گوشته می مین the Hyderabad Shops & Letchischments Act 10ol

رماد عنوبی طلب کنے گئے ہمں لیکن مسوس ہے کہ اس نو ساپر اس طاح سری رائے میں دا وفا خود ( Mose ) جس ہا کہا

5.61: V B Regu. Speaks 1 but he moves of the names i ment. (shin 'A D Death rude) must have a catually 1 ept the sapect in h v must and entrapyted this discussion. He seems to have very intelligently not this amendment in this form He could have straight brought as amendment to old Sec. District of the country of the seems to have deep to be a finished of such as the supplier to so I make it of such as the supplier of the such as objection is the inequality in his amendment wit bought it is adding notible amendment data beat heady been brought by me before the Homes It is not think any constitution would contain such as chause which have been the supplier of the such as the supplier of the such as the supplier of the supplier of the such as the supplier of the supplier of

M: Spe ker No negation It is an amendment

Shrs V B Rayu The mover could have brought in an amendment staight to that clause saying that let 15 be chan ged to 80 Instead of doing that adding one more sub-clause of the nature cannot I submit be allowed.

bhis V D D-shpoule Speaker Sn before you give you tuling I want to bring to your notice one point I want to know and be satisfied as to what is the meaning of S  $\theta(t)$  and S  $\theta(t)$  S where S  $\theta(t)$  and see S  $\theta(t)$  and see S  $\theta(t)$  and S  $\theta(t)$  S  $\theta(t)$  and S  $\theta(t)$  S  $\theta(t)$  and S  $\theta(t)$  S  $\theta(t$ 

M: Speaker Suppose he amends that into sec 80(2) now?

Shi V D Deshponde that is again a clever way of doing things It is my contention that sec 86 (i) is under controversy My point of view is a little different but it is not in negation of the one already there. It is only to ensure more security to the employees We Speake The relevant rule is Rule 25 of the Provisional Rules from Legislative Assembly Subrule 1 of Rule 28 is is under

In mealment must be relevant to aid within the

The much limit that has been sought to be moved by Shi V. D. D. Shpinde 1 sec. 38 broadly is In section it of the soid A. t. Appurently it appears that section 4 it is now, to be incended.

As a ling t. Rish. 8(1) the amendment made be an exact to some within the very cost the motion to which is par ps. 1. What is the verye of the motion? The scope of the motion has the risk than the very cost of the motion 68 there is the notion has been sought to know the ps. 10 has 10 has

When Lituity is plyable to an employee under subsection (1) the employee shall be entitled to receive his wage, until the date on which the gratuity so payable is setuilly puil

But the point before us is, the scope of the motion It is thus seen that the voice of the motion is to define the nutboth by which printing should be paid II any delay as careed that the employee all be entitled to such and such it thing like it is the main object of this motion. The such case is the such as a fine of the motion of the contrast of the such as a fine of th

1932 a Bill to eme il the II id rebe l Shops d. Establishments Act 1351

To sab section (8) there is a nother unen lime it by Shri Praneshacharya which is a follows

In line 1 of pulagraph (1) f Cluse 3 of the sad Bill after the figure 30 muser the wild years

(Shu J K Pianesha chary) as found not present in the House)

Sh i V B Reju Speaker S i Even though the mover is not present in the House t appe is to me that the idea of the mover is to ranke matters clear und free from ambiguity Y t is with that we what he must have intended to add years after 60 instead of leaving the figure 60 hald

M: Speake: Lvon then somebody else must move the

Shil L B Konda Speaker, Sir, I beg to move the amend ment standing in the name of Shii J K Praneshacharya numely

That in line four paragraph (b) of Cl 8 of the said B II after the figure 60 meet the word years

Shrs V D Deshpands Can an amendment be moved by somebody else when he is not authorised

Mr Speaker If the Minister accepts it, that amendment can be moved Moreover, it is a verbal amendment Amendment moved

Shu V B Regu Unless the hon Member means it as

Mr Speal e. Now there will be discussion on the two amendments of Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao

Shis V D Deshpande Speaker, Su, I have an amendment to the amendment of Shri Ankush Raos amendment (b) He wanted it should be '55 years instead of 60 I want that the worlds

for if he has put in 15 or more than 15 years of service be added after the figure 55 in blur Ankush Rao Venkat Rao s amendment

12th fulr 1152 I 1 Bill \0 \IA of 1 132 a Bill to amend the Huderabad Shope & I stud lighments Act 1061

Us Speakes Pic se put the amendment in writing and give it to me so that it will be clear und definite

Shee I D Deshpande I will presently give

Short I B Rayse Specific Sit, What is the position now?

We Speaker Shirly D Deshpunde is porting his amend ment in writing so that it may be exact

Shri V D Deshpundi Spenker Su I beg to move the following mendment to the anondment of Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao

'In line 1 of paragraph (b) of Clause 8 of the said Bill, instead of 55 it should be 50 or if he has put in not less than 15 years of service

Mr Speaker Amendment to Amendment moved

Now there shall be discussion on these uncadments Shra Ankush R to Venkat Rao

Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao Mr. Speaker Sn. In bringing in the imeniment to the Hyderabed Shops and Establishment Art the hon Labour Manuster wanted to gave retrenchment benefit to persons whose service may be dispensed with after a certain period of service. I am sure in moving an amendment to my mendment the hon Member for Ippaguda wanted to make that relief more certain. The amendment that has been moved by the bon Labour Minister is Where gratuity as payable to an employee under sub section (1), the employee shall be entitled to neceive his wages until the date on which the gratuity so payable is actually paid 50 far so good and this will no doubt, serve the purpose for which it is meant But the subsequent provision viz Provided that where there as a dispute as to the amount of gratuity so payable the Chief Inspector shall determine such amount and shall also decide for what period not exceeding one month and at what daily rate the wages shall be paid' in my opinion, gives too much power to the Chief Inspector and by making the employer responsible for the payment of one month a salary the payment of gratuity will be deferred to a longer period with the result that the purpose for which the amendment was meant will be millifled. Hence what I mean to say is whenever there is my dispute as regards the payment of gratinty, 1982 a Bill to t it d the Hyderabi d Shops & Tetchishments Act 1951

there should be a sword of Demodes hanging on the neck of the employer to see that the pool employee is paid his dues Therefore in talling into consideration all the deductions that will be made when his services are schinquished it is all the more necessity at the two lines are as a shall also decide for what period not exceeding one month and at what death rate the waser shall be pred a should be deleth.

Hence I plead with the hou Luboui Minater that the said two incs may kindly be deleted so thit there will be a greater rehef and certainty of prymert to the post man when his services are dispensed with

In the secon I put of the amendment was In line 4 of paragraph (b) of Clause 8 of the sul Bill for the figure 80 substitute the figure 55 I have put the figure st such because the purpose as that those persons from exercise as dispensed with have to work under conditions which are not vary healths.

As a gaude peasons who are working in testausages and house they have to work longed house—most thris is hours in a day of 50 hours in a veck. The Rules vice not again the reformed these and the deducations that are made thereof and measures that are not to the said the said that work in such places are spaceage of and they do not know the a bo of accountancy. As such whenever the services of such places are dispensed with they are at a loss and what I say is the gustuity that is to be pead to them should be returned to their about the said and body until the finds of a new occupation.

With these few words I would request the hon Labour Minister to accept the hon Members amendment

Thank you

 وکوی مهود نے کی مرووں محسوس کرے یا سکل باق سروس جو سانے ۔ اگر وہ س وی ریابر هو با ه مے دو بکر چی کسیس ( Compensation )گل صرورت هوگی اس وجه سے بنی ادکیو کا که اگر کون سعص د بنال یک سروس کے کے معد یہ عسوس کرسے که وسکو بلاوس مهور دسی جاھے دو اسکو س کا موم ملنا مد هے که اوسے چی کر بحو می لے با له و اس رہم سے انک می ربدگی روم (Faithful Service ) کرسکے لیکن یا مورکہ کا کہ م ساں مک سیدیل سروس ع مد اوسکو به گراهوی ملی ما هے ، محم بهن هوکا کبونکه ممکن ہے کہ ہو کر ہو مسے عل سروس عام دے لکن کر بالک ایکو مسے عل ! I arthful ) بـ سمور بر دد نے بنی هو مانچ س ومد پس میں نے عبدوس کا کہ نہ جد جدر ن اس میں رکھی جانیں۔ میں نہ سمعینا ہوردکہ به خبران این بنی و کهی خانکی نهن ۔ وقت کی گندانس نهدینے کی بنا در سابد به مدر ں اوس بل میں جیں رکھی گیں میں می اس لے ، سد کرنا موں که آلودیل مسمر اسکو مطور کر کے حوکہ مکو سے یہ سال کے مانے وہ سال کی عمر کی سوط کو بان لیا ہے اس لیے بھی اس سلسلہ بین وباد عرض کرنا ہیں ہے۔ واقعہ مدھے کہ جہ بال کی عبر میں کسی سجمن کےلیے کام کرنا مسکل ہو جایا ہے۔ سکن ہے هارے مسیر وہ سال میں عیکام کرے هوں میرا ید دعوی فیے که هدوسال میں ليس كي مو مالات هن وو سريه باس مو اعدد و ساو هن ان كي با ر بين به كه سكنا هون كه انس كے ملازمين جسے مال ويد وضع جين مردور اسے مال ويده جي وخا کیونکه ایک دو سکوکام ریاده کرما داریا ہے۔ اور دوسے به به وسکو به رامر عدا ملی مے اور کان اور کہرا مایا ہے ہی لیے اوسکی دوب علد عم سو میں مے لیکن مکو سے سمجھی ہے کہ ویکو یہ بیان در موسال تک مروز زند رضا ماھے میں سنعها هود، که ح کے دو مداد، هن اسکر س طر بال کے عد اوبر، می اس وب مایی بس رهمی که و کوی کام اهام دیے سکر لکه در سال میں همی اسکل معرحی Energy ) حم هو مای ہے ساتے ہی نے ن اهم سا ی هدون کو دیکھے مربے دا د سلانا ہے اور مود مکو سے من سس ( Bases پر عادوں بنایا ہے وہی سس در بد خبر ہے کمارکم سکی علوزی میں دو کوں عدر له هوبا ساهم بني طرح عير حو لدگ بنجب عب ترب هن ور دو اون وهنره او کام کرے میں آل کے لیے میں میں گیمانس رکھی مانی عامے اسلے اسد م له اس سلبلہ میں ہی ہے جو آ عدیت دسن کیا ہے وہ سطور کرلیا جانیگا

شریحا با طبی و آلی کی است سر ایبلد بی آنوسل فیتر مسیدر کی خاص عند ادا بید هم نے بیٹی اس کا سواک ( <u>equey</u> )'کیا اب سوال بد ہے کہ مو اور اسٹرسٹس آنے میں وہ جارت بیاس کے مالان کے سی طرعیدیک میں دا س و المحاصل من ال كل مشكل عبول بين موكانا به دور (Opposition ) لم كل المورد كا اله دور (Opposition ) لم كل الهود و كل الهو

Shi V B Roju Mi Speake Sir The amendment puposes the deletion of the words in the classe on the plea that this Bill gives more power to the Chief Inspection and elso it was said that these words defeat the very purpose of the classe. Deven that clasting these words seconding to the hon Member s amendment the Chief Inspector s powers are there—

Provided that when these is a dispute as to the amount of grainty to spayable the Chief Imperedor shall determine for the determination of the grainty populate the authority for the determination of the grainty populate the authority and the space of the continuation of such power to the Chief Imperedor to the Chief Imperedor to dende about the rate power of the Chief Imperedor to dende about the rate been brought in the shape of an amendment now. The been brought in the shape of an amendment now. The been brought in the shape of an amendment now The employee should recover wages to to see that the period midredly on the Chief Imperedor and directly something like as the bon Member has put it the sword of Democles on the employee and at the same it will see that the bab being rows. Supposing when a dispute is before the Chief Imperedor the employee and supposing when a dispute is before the Chief Imperedor the employee, always putting some excuse or other, proposed to the Chief Imperedor the employee, always putting some excuse or other,

L 1 B li Vo VIV of 1957 a Bell to am nel the Hyderabad Shop d I tol lishmen 4ct 1951

als nt huns if from attending the hearing or doe ometing. of that nature and the case prokings for a pretty long time it will n the in the best int rests of the trade itself. Keeping the interest of the trade as a while this realing has been fixed A unitter i fuet il I coul i disclos before the II me I mit six that when the Gin anment consulted the repic en titises of the employees and the employees what the employee careth demanded was that a month's notice should be given is the empleyer before he is dischraged or in heu of that a m office wages which was obtuning in other States also It hid not inners to be far-sible in putting it in that form but I wanted to limi up a me provision with this gratuity so that the employee wen he is discharged would have some money in his hand in i he would not move begging in King way or that Road That was the very serson for which this mandment has been brought to expedite the process of pay ment of a tunty to the employee So one months colling has been put is a guid mee to the Chilf Inspector so that he would see that the whole case is completed within that one month or if for any season this is prolonged he can see that the employee will get at least one month's wages and also see that the (mployer will not prolong the case It is for this purpose only this his been muliided I hope I have been able to convince the hon Member the necessity for fixing up a ceiling of prinod It is only to minimise the time of litigation and to see that all things are done with teariffs speed. There is no other purpose behind it in flying up the ecoling. I am sure that the hon Member will be happy if all such cases are expedited and if they are completely selved to the autofaction of the employer and the employee within a period of one month The general complaint is that these cases pertaining to workers are beneated as though they are cases of a Civil nature end were taking much time and a poor worker is unable to attend the cases each time westing his time which would have been otherwise profitably utilised by him. With this compliant in view this ceiling has been fixed for all the three The Chief Inspector the Employer and the Employee

Hen coming to the question of superannustion age to whether it is 00 or 33 years the amendment to the amendment is in the third substantial whose from the point of the other behand fixing of the rating age if 60 is due to the fact that the shop employed of the not the fact that the shop employed of the not the fact that the shop employed of the not the fact that the shop employed of the not there to do as much stemmous work as the finetery

Tilhah te ts Act 1951 employee of the manual labout are expected to lo Secondly the shop employees matu ity age begins after the age of 50 The older the shop employee the more useful he is to the emilorer and in many cases the shop employees when they reach the age of 50 they sometimes become partners of the employers and no doubt their valuable experience will be an assest to the employer. By fixing the age of set sement at 60 t does not mean that he is prohibited to continue further. It is a concession that a given Instead of giving the concession at the age of 60 what the hon Member ants is that it should be given at the age of 55 But in the on of the Government the employee should not threaten h's employer at a state when the exper nee of the employee noted be useful to his employer the hon Member from It paguda puts it that the employee should have scope to get out from the employer and thet go and start his own bu ness That is not good If he is capable of starting bust ness he should continue with his employer. The purpose is that when he cannot work a sort of rest is necessary after having put so many years of service and he should have some thug If he is prepared or capable of working elsewhere there is no reason why he should not continue with the same employer So the age of 60 is fixed with two aspects in view. One is that the shop employee has to work less than the fac ory employee and does his work with more comfort-just as we sit under the funs and sometimes works even less Even as some hon Members who are aged about 70 or 75 also would work with the same vigour the shop employees can also afford to work up to 60 years and so bringing them on a par with the factory labour is not justified and would not strengthen the cause The employees will not be handicapped by fixing the age at 60 and if it is reduced the House would be doing injustice to the employer The second point is that it is necessary to hold the scales even and while sceing that the interests of the employee are not peopardised it should also be borne in mind that the requirements of the employers are also met by legislation. I do not think it is the opinion of any hon Member in the House to diasti cally affect the trade in general. The trade in general should not be upset and this should also be kept in view If there is trade there is employer and if there is employer there is gia tuity So we have got to see at it not merely as labour leaders not merely as agitators but many a time as administrators I feel many a time-and it is true and it must be true-that the opposition also is p it of the Government though not part of the administration. The opposition also must realise that things should not be upset and if there is any change it should be through a proper and regulated process and it should not be very shiky in nature Therefore I am very grateful to the hon Members of the Opposition for welcoming the measure but I will be note grateful if they could understand the difficulties of the soc ety at large not looking from a sec tional point of view but the society as an integrated whole As I and sometime back and I repeat it—while we protect the health and the welfare of the employee we should have to see the stability of the employer or the trade. That thing also must be kept in view I do appreciate the spirit with which the amendment it been brought our that the employee must have more relief but that stage will come after sometime Our country is not so wealthy us to afford to provide a 40 hour a week or 42 hour a week or two months or one month a leave with pay and at the same time create such places of rest and attend to the employees in such a manner that they are being attended to elsewhere That stage has not been reached and we are in the process of reaching it. Bill then we have to patiently wait and provided all of us put our efforts collectively it will not be very distant. But in this preticular case I would request the hon Members of the Opposition to view the traders also with sympathy and see that the trade is not upset

I therefore request the how Member who has moved this amendment to withdraw the amendment and request the house to pass Bill as originally drafted with the amendments which I have accepted

Mr Spealer Shall I now put the amendments to vote?

Shn Aukushrao Venkat Rao Vir Speaker Sn I want my amendments to be put to vote

Ur Speaker The question is

That in lines 9 10 and 11 of paragraph (a) of Clause 8 of the said Bull the words beginning with the words and shall also decide and ending with the words. Wages shall be paid be omitted

The Motion was negatived

10,7

ti e Hyderabad Shops d Enablishments Act 1901

## Us Speal of The question is

That in line 4 of paragraph (b) of Clause 9 of the and Bil for the figure 60 the figure 55 b substitute 1 and the words or whose service is not less than 10 years be added after the figure 55

The Motion was negatived

Wr Speal a I shall put Clause 8 as amended to vote The question is

That Clause 8 as amended stand part of the Bill The Motion was adopted

Clause 8 as amended was added to the Bill

Wr Speaker There is no amendment to Clause 4
The question is

That Clause 4 stand part of the Bill

The Motion was adopted

Clause 8 was added to the Bill

Mr Speaker The question is

That the short title Commencement and Preamble stand part of the Bill

The Motion was adopted

The Short title commencement and Preamble were added to the Bill

Shrs V B Raps Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move That LA Bill No XIX of 1962 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act 1951 be read a third time and passed

Mr Speaker The question is

That L A Bill No XIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Shops and Establishments Act 1951, be read a third time and passed

The Motion was adopted

The House then adjourned for recess till Half past Four of the Clook

tie Hyde ab id Si on: d.

Datallishments 10 1951
The House reassembled after access at Half past Four of the Clock

Mr Speaker in the Chu ]

LA Bill No XX of 1952 a Bill for making provision for proper Housing of Labour

Shra V B Ratu Mr Speal et Sir I beg to move

That L A Bill No XX of 1952 a B il for maling provision for proper Housing of I abour be read a flist time

Mr Speaker Motion moved

That L A Bill No XX of 1952 A Bill for making provision for proper Housing of Labour be read a first time

Shra V B Rayus The pu pose of this B ll is to provide the machinery to build houses for the industrial worlers to lay down the conditions under which a particular worker in a perticular industry could occupy the house and also the rate of rent payable by the worker and the employer in whose employ the worker has been working. In Hyderabad State the housing for industrial workers is very meagre. These are nearly 70 thousand factory workers and the statistics reveal that industrialists have been able to provide \$26 houses till now That works to just over 6 per cent while the remaining 94 per cent of the workers ue compelled to go in for rented houses in places far off from the industrial units. This adds up to the cost of hving of the workers. It has been brought to the notice of the Government that in many cases the workers live at distances more than five to six miles away from the factory lot only the workers have to pay high cents by living in the busy purts of the city but also they are compelled to pay transport charges ranging from Rs 15 to 20 every month to cover the distance While thus this expendi ture is a burden on the workers it is also taking away much of the time of the worker which could have been utilized for recuperating his lost energy Duen though the Government of India and of Hyderhad have secured the benefit of working only eight hours a day if it is calculated from the moment he stated from the house to the moment he returns back to the house it exceeds ten hours. The distance that he has to cover to seach the factory and go back home is taking away the precious time that is intended to build up his lost energy So the Government thought it necessary that proper housing accommodation should be provided for the industrial workers in the near vicinity of the industrial units in which the workers worl There is a moral obligation on the part of the employer to movide housing in addition to other amenities Gov ernment has been using its good offices to prevail upon the management to provide housing which indirectly benefits the industries too because the efficiency of the worker is an asset to the industry Efficiency can be maintained provide I the worker is nourished and protected The capacity of inbout of the labour power-of a worker is a thing that needs to be protected. The labour power of the worker is a real national asset. In this regard the worker the management and the soriety at large should help the worker to preserve his capacity and efficiency

So, housing forms an important part in the building up and preservation of efficiency of the worker. At the same time if a proper analysis is made the places in which the workers no living now are not dwellings in their real sense Sometimes it happens that in spite of the workers paying 10 to 15 rupees a month in the city he gets a room or two which would have to be used as a kitchen a bedroom and also a study room-if he is a middle class worker-and at times it is the reception room also Himself his wife and children and all his household posses sions are commed in a room. That is the reason why the worker in the evening hours instead of taking rest at his abode or at his dwelling prefers to wander in the streets and he thinks the best resort would be the motion picture house. He feels prome to continue to stay in his dwelling because it is not a dwelling place in the proper sense

This publish of housing to workers has impressed upon the Government very much and as such some strong riposcal must be made. In spite of the efforts of Government to impress upon the management to provide housing, the industrialists could not move an each Their complaint base replaining the control of th

by muntums, the unitestry even at its present level. The compliant his always been lick of capital

The Central Government has at last come forward with a scheme swing that they will provide two thirds of the cost of custinction of houses and take back the investment with mterest in 2 ; years They have asked the State Government to provide the remaining one thirds at 8 per cent interest The lineses can be built for the workers on the condition that the Government should bear 21 per cent of the capital cost is tent and the comployer should pay 5 per cent of the capital sort which may be considered as a sort of subsidy. If the employers and the employees thus co operate by paying to winds maintenance changes reprire taxation and also repay ment of the capital to the Central Government in 25 years the Central Greenment is prepared to lend money up to two thirds cost of the construction. This provision has been tylen whant we of by the Government of Hyderabad and se cording to its present programme it wants to build two thousand houses every year and in the course of the next five years complete building of Ten thousand houses The Hydersbad Gov ernment approached the Central Government with a request to pury side then 2/8 cost to meet the programme. The Central (rovernment had been kind enough to provide Twenty laking of tupees in the first very and the State Government has also met its commitment by providing ten lakhs with 8 per cent interest With these 30 likhs of supees the Hyderabad Government has strated constructing house. Each house costs nearly Rs. 1 300 Each house provides accommodation for two living rooms two verandahs a kitchen a bathroom and layatory In umform standard has been laid down by the Central Concernment The cost of Rs 8,500 which I have just men tional include light water gas, flush system etc. Applying the percepture which I just pointed out it would cost the worker something like 75 to 80 tupees put year while the employer would pay 1:0 to 160 rupees. If the employer and the employee thus bear this recurring expenditure or the expenditure towards maintenance taxation and repayment of the capital-which comes to 61 per cent to 7 per cent of the tetal cost the workers could be provided houses in that area. This is a humble beginning which the Hyderabad Government proposes to make It will proceed as per plan something like the five year plan. We want to provide ten thou and houses which would cost nearly 81 grores of rupees Such is the magnitude of the project which the out by any single department. It was therefore thought that an autonomous corporation which will deal with these matters from a commercial point of view would be the proper agency not only to build houses but also to restire the rent in espect of the houses and also make airangements for repay ment of capital The Corporation has to see that all these things are done properly The Bill contains provisions mainly to constitute such a corporation The members of the Corpo ration would be The Chairman who is the Minister in charge of Labour Department There will be six representatives of the Government representing the different depart ments of the Government Out of the six it was thought necessary that five might represent the Government and one nould be a There will be three representatives of the employees and three representing the employers It was also laid down that while nominating the remember there of workers and employers their organisations should be consulted This Corporation would not only pro mote a fund but would collect the money for building up a labour housing fund. The contribution towards the fund would be either through loans from the Central or State Governments or from the employers and workers or from other quarters The administration of the Labour Housing Fund will rest with the Corporation not only thus promoting the Housing Fund but also actually constructing the houses After constructing the houses the allotment of houses to different in lustries would also be done by the Cornoration

Here I have to menton that these houses are built for the industry. These are built for the hended of the industry and the wikers Industry means I should like to clarify capital and inbour both. Government did not like to create any confinon by syring that the houses will belong to labour or to the minagements. The houses continue to be the propetty of the Corporation.

The usage or the occupation of the House will be by the houser for which rent will be paid by the occupant that is the worker and also by the employer in whose employment the worker works. This in principle is the banc structure and the basic concept. the property belongs to the Corpora tion the houses will be occurred only by workers of the

a B ll for maling pro i sion fir proper Housing of Labour

unitarity, and the payment of sent will be bone by the employs. The Corporation after building the laws and illoting them will regulate the conditions and kirms under which the houses would be occupied application, the work of the control of the

difficulty in groung the houses to the workers at this moment

is this When the worker retires from a proticular industry or when he leaves employment in that particular industry the new one that comes in his place will have to live again at a fu off place So only workers who work in the Factory should occupy those houses If we begin to give the houses to workers, a stage may come when all the occupants of the houses there may be non employees of that industry So we do not want a general township to be promoted around the industry, but a township of workers that work in that industry alone should develop there. That is the very reason why we kept the owner ship of the property with the Corporation and did not allow the property to be claimed by the workers or by the employers even though the employers will pay something and the employees also pay something less than that Since I anterpate that amendment or such doubts from the Op position. I am making it clear that the houses are being built as an idjunct to the industry as an adjunct to the Factory since the present objective and the present programme of the Coverament is that the industry must be aided to increase production and create more employment. So to say, this is the concession that is given by the Central Government and also by the State Government as a capital investment for the building of the houses The Corporation is a body corporate and can sue and be sued upon and all such formalities are prescribed in this. These are the two most important things in this Bill, viz.

- (1) The Constitution of a Corporation and
- (2) The terms under which a worker can occupy
- To repeat these terms the worker will be asked to pay 21% on the capital cost or 10% of his wages whichever is less

explain at the end

of Labou and the employer to pay up to 5% on the investment of the houses occupied by his employees. These are the two very important things and the rest of the clauses are merely techni cal matters as are found in every bill. I do not think there will be much discussion on the other clauses excepting on the composition and the powers and functions of the corpo rat on and also the conditions that govern the employee and the employer in the mode of payment and on the terms of occupation. That is all what I can say at this stage. Even th ugh the Bill may appear to contain a good number of clauses more than 42 the sum and substance is centred round these two provisions out the constitution and powers and functions of the Corporation and the terms under which an employee can occupy the house. At this stage, there is no need for me to say anything further If there we any doubts expressed by hon Members I may be able to

میری حیے ہی مبیال والی کتا سا مسید به سلامتکر که اگ که بی سکا ور کا ( Particular Worker ) کسی منگیری میں پر سال تک کام کا بارچ وکتا و سکال آمن یا خوستکا بھا یا جن 9

Shr. V B Repu I have already made it clear The does of the Government is that the houses which are being built are an adjunct to the industry. At any time they should be occupied only by workers working in that nodustry low who does not work in that adustry has no place there even though he may be occupying the house for 50 or 60 years What happens to that would after 50 years let us not thinknow.

سری ا دند رائل حوکی فی سرہ درکللارسکسس(Further clarification) کے لیے دہ معدم کرنا حاصا ہوں کہ بے سال گذر حانے کے عد اسکے مکال کا ورپس کیا ہوگا ؟ کیا وہ اس میں وہ سکتانا ؟

Shrs V B Rays. The life of a house of this nature is about 00 years and at the end of 80 oi 40 years if it is found access eary and conditions may change the workers may own factories and when they own the factory they may own houses also—let us not visualise those things now

سری وی کی دنسا نے خاص کے ساسے حو بل باتھ ہو دیگے کہ ہے۔ ان رکسندسس ( Recommendations ) کی سر( Basis ) برہے ہم من کہا گاہے کہ

## The Read Committee Observes

"Is Concurrent runnet take up the responsibility of unlumb, mores son't a undustated weakers and as no progress is labely to be unale if the notice is left to the initiative of the impliciant it is necessary to extent a fund for housing of undustrial workers of low moone engaged in organized undutions. I very uniform the control of the control of the fund per name and Government contribution will be in the slup of interest fue lows. It fund should be administered by a lensing Carpanston which should have representative of Government on place and employees on it in ordie to expedite, controletion of houses, Government will have to the Company of the controletion of the controletion of the con-

اں ٹی می مستطاع کا گئے د

It shall be the duty of the Corporation to provide proper bouses for employees as near as possible to their place of such of uch types and designs and in accordance with such schemes as the Government may approve.

 $v_0$  in  $v_0$   $v_0$  v

Provided that the representatives of Employers and employees shall be nonmated in consultation with their respective organization

norfo prope Horsing of Labour

Feature ) = کا حال Representation ) س کت س پے درساک ہے کا لیے جا ساجھ رہا تھاک کان کا سائ

( Elective Pineple ) کہمسکا کسی سس کی مص عاد ماه ( Registered Unions ) ماه عاد عاد باد ہے مسے من الاسے کی سسر ( Associations ) من ان کا کی کی نامکا بھی اسکا بند بیک ہیں ہے

دی ہے ۔ کب بی بی غےوقدہ فاہم کے کے ساسلے بی غے کیت دی کے دین سددگی اور مکر سمدر آادیک ہائی

Shr. V B Rays. I use to claufy the position. This Bill as such has nothing to do with that was sources which are being taken advantage of in building up Labour Housing Fund The builders as such have no direct concern with that party cular provision

سہ ی دی ڈی دنسانڈ ہے کر حکست نے کی طاق سے کوئی صلاحی آنے والأيف رمكس مدرآاد مي س دبي سدة ل كاهدى ل هومدا في اس ل ک میصیع مکن اسی وقت سکتی ہے سنگه کسی طرح سے قبلدن آئیں۔ بیان یہ دک كاكا في كا مكس ما و ماركال كم وم ديم والي في اور ما سمدوا اد می دیے کے سے رمی ہے میں سبجہا مدن کہ اگا اس بلسلر میں کار ما دوول ک ذی ہے ہیں ملے مصل کے منے مکم کہ سداب ( Speedup ) کے میں فات ہدنا و کس طرح پیر جاگیے ۔ابین کہ سل لیٹر مسیر شہ خ سكر هم لكن وه منعرد صرب بين م علين دے مانے والر هين دي عالم مين ملے گا الک مالک کی طاف سے لاوس طار ہا اس اسکم کےلے ملد ن انا عا ا سا سب مرک اس من کم گیا ہے کہ بالک که رسل ( Rent ) کا ایک معید دسکے لکن و عاور ، بد ہر عوے کے مد نے وائی صریع اس سے بیار اگ مالکوں کو عدر کسکن که وه چی کچه معبه این به هم زیاده هاورس ساز کرسکسگر مین سمجھا ہوں کہ کار مادن میں کام کے قالے مود روں کی ہو بعداد ہے اس کے لعالم ہے دد مد جب کم غے سر لے مالک لیدی کے طور صلی کی قراعمی کا ہار عابد کیا عاسکیا ہے ویکے کسی یہ عد سعاوسات کیر عمل ان بین کیا گا ہے کہ

Workers of low meene cannot be expected to con tribute snything towards the Fund

انہوں نے نہ محساس کیا کہ ایسر مودور جبکی مدنی کیے خوبی ہے ، فیٹس بہی دے سکسگر رائ ( Rent ) کا سول میں آسکا او د ورکزس المستقدين المست

The Osmanshuht Mill which has a similar scheme his actually rovided accommodation excluding ten chasses to about eight percent of its workers the rent charged varying from mil to ten chasses of one room to Rs 8 for a double stone I lock.

(Double stored Blocks ) we see we will always a function of the property of t

اس را ه ع طاریدان به از اردن رکتها ماهی بر من مسجله ها در سماکه آوبدل 

... بر حی با این به این به در این به در این به این به این به در این به در این به کنیان کرد به در این به کنیان کرد این به کنیان کرد در این به کنیان کرد این به در این که در این که در این به در این که در این به در این که د

of Labous

Wages means all 1

Wages means all lemuneration capable of being expresed in terms of money earned under the terms of his contact of employment and includes any sum canned as over time pay bonus or additional remuneration for increased output or any other addit on a immuneration of the nature afforcast and any sum payable to such person to counteract a bonormal economic conditions on by inseaso of the termination of his employment

میں میبان تک مطالے و وحیان کا رحرے میان و دور علی و دور میں کی دور میان نے اینکٹر دو رودور کے امرامات کیلے سیال میں کو تا کہ عام طور در حدید میں قومہ عاب جو بہ عدی او سہیں ای مورونات وحد کے منا بات میں اسالے ان کے زیر میرم کربائے امرامیت و دوسر( Wages ) کا معمد بنا فید سکے معی بد عین کچر باعد اور میں میں سات انداز کی معمد بنا فید سکے معی بد عین کچر باعد اور میں میں سات انداز کی میں میں انداز کی معمد بنا فید سکے معی

## Hon ble Shri V B Rayu -

Does the hon. Member agree that bonus is ex-gratia payment and not differed wage  $^{7}$ 

شریخوبی گی دشتابلسے حمر میں س صدین بین خانا حفا کیونکہ انکے لیے تک آخسین رودرن ( Exptess provisions ) کا ادا – دے من وجہ نے میں احالے کہ اور میں اور وہری میں وہی میں نے میں 'خانا – دے کتے مدان میں نے میں نہ میران کو دنے کلے باتک حوکوری اور ب میں ان کے سندن بی کچا کا کے حاصلی سکار ( ع) کے جہ

Miscellaneous 80 Notwithstanding any provision of law fax the time being in force of any employer has provided housing accommodation for his employees saids employee and the employee and the employees and the employees are the employees and the employees members and the employees are the employees and the employees are respect of such employee and the employees are respect of such employees and empl

اس طرح اس مدن مهی بروددرن رکها گناے۔ لکن حر سیونس اس وب حاصل هیں ال سے آگے طُخِکُرٹوں سرط اسور ( Impose ) به کئے ھے لئے معامل کیں سیوکہ بداوندلو ( Royang Provision ) بها جن مجتے جن مطوم خان ساہی ملر کے لئے گھر و ضاح کے ہی اور اگر اس ملسلہ میں اس برورزن کو الاکرور (Apply) کا مے برسانہ ان آو گوں کو بھی رہادہ یا ہے ہی ہی جہا ہے۔ مکاورین کا معمقہ ہوگیا ہے ہی ویہ ہے ہیں کہ وہ ہو میں بورا چھکا کی افسار میں جو سی میں کوانے ہیں دد ہے ان ہے م مکان (ع) میں دو علاجے ہی سلسلہ میں کان ہر () ہے مکا

33 (1) The Government may by notification in the I rich in lambject to such conditions as may be specified in the netificit in exempt any person or class of persons or any employer; class of employers from one or more of the provi is no of this Act.

معراتسكر من سحهاهون ه رسول بدن ( Y nday ) ــ و و معرف ( Y nday ) ــ و و معرف معرف من سحه هو معرف من سحب هو معرف الله من الله

مستر رسیبکر کمکن آج چی دو هم امک گیسه بلے درها ب اور یے

میری کے ایس و ام و آؤ سٹر انسکوسر من ان کے حصے جاسے لی مامد ہماں میں اگار جانگا میں اسکے بعض دہام کی ما کہ من جے صافات کا الحیار کریا حاصہ مورد کسکس (م) کا رفیعے آئے مام کا حوالیت مدال مام سکے پچھے ماؤن کسسر حوصد کسسواری عشداداروں سے کا مشاول کوباست (Ne mun tie) س کے منابع کا وان گون و ساک منابعت و عوم کی دست م بین توسط کہ سراک ( Suggeton ) بھاک سوسل کہ سراسر سر روز نیو ان کا در ان وان در سے اواد کرینے غون کو نامر کا مرے در بات جو کا در بات جو کا

 $Q_{ij}^{T}$  and  $Q_{i$ 

 $\sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{j} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{j} \sum_{j} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} \sum_{j$ 

می ر بر کہر یہ ہیں ہے کہ یہ فاول کی ہے سمان ہے کبری اسر (Factory Labour )کانے شمال سرے کون اسر کانے ہے یہ کبری سلا سد ( Employee ) کی سرم یہ کی ش

Employee means any person who is employed for hire or re val 1 to 10 any work skilled or unskilled manual or cleint and also not des any person declared to be an employee by the Govement by notification in the Janda.

عادون کے تعاطیعے جو متعبد طاخر ہوتا ہے۔ لکے طہار اس کو ہی کتابی ہے۔ حمین اسرون کے متعلق در وارث وکھا جارے اور دوبرون کو و سہولس یا دعہ دین اللہ د يه هو كاكمونكه له اكم سمكي طولمازي كهلاسكي فالونكا صل معمد له يح كد لمرس (Provide) اليردن مره عد ورا مي در كان مردك مكل وو در (Labourers) یں کرسکے اسلے اس واعد گورہس کی طرف سے مدس ما یم کر کے مکاف دے مدسکے مم ، درکھے میں کدا سے کان ر ل سی ( Rental Basis ) بر دے ماسکے سیس ہے ا ملس سیول کوریسے لے کے میں وو ہماری مکوسے لے گے من سمن ورطور رین سرما ، منع کا مسکاے میں سعس (Suggestion) درية كه سمى لمركلاس ( Labour class ) كو على برووسلا ( Provide ) کا ہے اور کوا رسو سس ( Co operative Brais ) ر لمر س کو می موج دنا ما ہے ، فادول کا معمد مگ مل ی دد هوبا عامم بلکه بند دسس ( Nation ) کی بھائیں کو ملحوط رکھا جاھے۔ بن نہ عرص کرونگاکہ اسروس کی محو کے انعامہ سے کچھ جمید ن عبد طور درس (Shares) انکرکوا سومسس مر کامان ازکسے مادی ور بوراکنا سال ( Capital ) د هوه نه ر کتاب اکل ملک هومادی ممكن م كه مه سول كا م ع كه سكم لم كناسل مين م لكن كناسل د وف ھو دو ھم اگر نڑھ سکتے ھیں۔ اسی طرح دہ دشکھا سانا شاھے کہ کیا مردور ابنی معواہ کے فعاطیے تا سم کارکے مسال و ذکنی کے فعاطیے وسٹل میسیں مو ڈھائی معید کرا به داکرسکا ی ا بهت اگرو اسی معوا سے کعه بین مناسکنا ہو ا کا سمل ۔ ب مومانگا ، نالعرض اگر و کارکے زور بعدور مومانے و اسکے ناس کھم ہیں رہا لمانے میں کیونگاکه ان مور عورکا احمے جارے بان عرصر عوامی دور کے لعاط سرعوبي عاهم مسيرماست كو اسر حوزكوبا اهر كه كا ده ط دد ماسرعوسك ه که هانست مان ر لکن گوری شه هون مورد عن کاربورسس کی دی ( Body ) اسس ك درىدة ابى عام و تعرين كر سان يد اسمس كاط عدماس بدى غ من مد معها هون که اس طرعه بيد رفاد دا د بري هوسکنگ اندرون کو کنا مسي لير ( Facilities ) هوله ماهان اسم عور کرنے شام انکے زماد وسر ر سور (Representatives) می کد لیا عاهم اسلیر مدی والے میں به کس ل دوم ف اس مليك من الكس ك سعاد تواهد رهمل كا ما اساهم اورناسس كا طاعه سدود هوبا حاهي

اسکے مدسی عرس کرو کا کہ سکس وو قابل بط بازی ہے میں مثال بدیے کہ اس ڈی کو امیسیں کے دربعد نیسند ( <u>Tamite</u>e ) پانا جارہا ہے۔ آم کل کے عوامی دور سن پیسلم میں کیا جانکا۔ اسمی کیا گانے کہ

If in the opinion of the Government the Corporation persistently makes defull in performing the duties imposed on it by on under this Act or shuses its powers the Government may by notification in the Janda, supersede the Corporation

LA Ball No XX of 1952 12th July 1952

a Bill for making provi sion for proper Housing of Labous

اسكے عد مكوب سكو هادي من لين مد عاط طرعه هے كا كوني من أيرو ر ( Misappropriation ) کے اس کا س طرعہ سے سرا دسی مدے مساکه دورے ڈاریس می دعانے ہے

ہے سل اس سرے کم بہاکہ مصریف میں عصر میں مصر مدس ور ہے ا بی گوریسے سے سے میں سکے اربے سن سن کب کا که عدام ہے ملس لیک کو وسم کا مدر که سه سن مکان وو دد ( Provide ) کرنا دوری م

اسکر مد سن عص کو کاک ماون کی دسته ۲۰ مفے که سکل ( Single ) كشر وبعد ركها كاف الكايير زباد هدي ع دو من من كويس مريدك عسك وحديد و كوند زياده كاكا هـ 9 اس داول كل سس و حساكة آرسل مستر ي

Shot V B Rayu M: Speaker Sir There appears to be a printer's devil in the figure 12½ per cent in sec 26 (4) (4) — Where more than one employee occupies such secom modation 19} per cent per annum of the capital cost of the secommodation

Shis V D Deshpande Then what is the correct figure?

Shrs V B Rayu It is only 2 per cent or something like that

سری کاند رام ریڈی اگ ڈھاں صعبہ ہو تو ویسن کا ہر سن پرسٹ رکھاگا مے وہ زنادہ ہے

شری وی پی راجو سی سٹ نا چ ۲ زدے ( Whichevel is less

مری کا وام ریڈی اساد ن کا مسائے وہ رسل س رہے مکا اس کے لے بہ یا ، مسلق کا مد احدل مے وہ بب ربادم م کد کد اسس امادہ کی گیماسی هوسكي اسكر نعد اسكو يدي طاعه يد داك كيلي له هوسكنا في كه امهلا ان مير كا بل ليا حام اور اس ريم كو اس هارسك ليار ( Housing Fund ) م من کیا مانے یا کہ لیکروں کیلے ایک بیسمیل بھکا نہ ہی سکے۔ میں اسلاکریا ہوں کہ سمیر فاولیں افسے استمیس لاسکے می میں یہ نام پواو رمن ہو کچے ۔

Shrs L K Shroff I congustulate the hon ble Minister for Labour for introducing this Bill of very great importance and usefulness to the labour population. Those of us who have been working in the labour field, know very well of

of Lebour

the tung, and anhe, this conditions in which the labour population is him. We ill tunember that come Paridit Nehiu and that the reas where generally the labour population was seen to reside were of lad that they should be burned down. So a mersur life this is teally of very great importance and we should all welcome it.

Some points have been raised in connection with this merure wal I thin that I Churse I so this Bill hadd been per aud by the hon Members who raised the point it would be cleve that creat though the works it ensure in a house for a way long period, he ite; and get my right or of the house II is stated as may be presented by the Government sequence and hold property both my value of monovible sell or otherwise travels or near more than a monovible sell or otherwise travels or near more business agreement sequence and hold age that the purction has a light even to sell wave cet and buildings that him the best constituted by it. So the rebount reporter later on what he is an a no southout porting the

As 14.74 do the point rused with regard to the constitution of the Corporation I feel what has been put there in the Bill is quite proper The Corporation is a body which is meant to conduct its work more in a businesslike manner than sumply be guided by punciples of democracy Principles of democracy are all right in their proper places but to apply them everywhere I feel is not quite right. The Corporation has got to carry on the work of constructing houses for the Palsour population not samply with the capital that is provided by the Government but also try to get funds from all possible sources and use them to the best advantage. So the body has got to work in a businesslike manner The nomnees of the Government as mentioned in Clause C of sub-section (2) of section a or is has been stated by the hon Minister, represent the different Departments Therefore they will be there only as technical persons. The real persons whose voices would be heard are those of the remesentatives of employers and employees. Though this body consists of 18 persons on the whole the representatives of employers and employees are 8 and the other seven persons are there as technical advisers so to speak So I feel that there is nothing wrong in making the provision as has been made here

of Labour

One of the others point that we inseed was about the runt thir is apayable when more thin one employee o capies the House. The hom Minister his shown how the percentage that a put there is only a mixtake. Therefore 21% of the cost down not work to be very high. It is also said here that whether is the said of the cost of the cost of the cost whether is less in 24% of the cost would be about 1000 that that for an employee, who will be reading in the hoise will not be a very hig amount to pay.

With these remarks I welcome the Bill that is placed before the House

Shr. V B. Raju. Some double have been expressed shout the proviness in the Bill the most importate being about the method of constituting the Curporation Many a member from the Opporation size demanded that these should in some large members of the contraction of the contraction

The entire capital is being provided by Government For the safeguarding of this Government is responsible. There is already a proviso making it obligation on the part of Gov enment to consult the employers and employees As the leader of the PDF party has stated some method may be evolved for making the registered unions a sort of electoral college or some thing of that nature. There is no difficulty in evolving details when rules are made or when conventions are laid Instead of consultations if we bring in elections they will be always influenced and should be influenced by politics Political parties are bound to play an important part in elections We have got experience of Municipal elections What for are Municipalities constituted? They are for providing amenities Municipalities are not platforms for political conflicts Politics has become a second nature and it is unfor tunate that politics should influence every aspect of our life Even if we want to discuss a theological problem, there too politics plays an important part. The moment we\_talk of politics we should keep in view the divergent approach of the political parities Controversies would be brought up

of L ibou by not total putter in a Corporation which is meant for executing seleme of Government an technical scientific and commercial way How far would political controver ies be helpful in the actual worling of the Co posation is some thing that we should keep in view before de iding on el ctions It is no doubt true that the worker a voice should be effective but how for it all improve or help the functioning of the Corporation if divergent political interests come in and begin quurelling from the political point of view is the problem They would not disc so on the ments and dements of a particular same but they would quartel whether their party voice is heard or not I may belong to the Congress party but I would not I ke the politics of the Congress or the politics of the Communist Party to influence on the machinery of alletment of houses or the fixation of ient in relation to its capital cost. I myself hope that those who would be entrusted with this job would not bring in dis erimination base I on party spirit or any other considerations As far as the Covernment nominees are concerned as one of the hon Members has already clausted they will nurely represent the various departments for advice on technical matters They will not intenfere in such matters where the employers, and the amployees clash with each other or would have opposing views. Their tob is only to see that co cird nation of the several depurtments is obtained and the work is carried on to the fullest saturfaction. As has already been stated it is true that the representatives of the employers and employees will form the main neucleus. The houses are built for the benefit of the workers and for the industries and therefore their voice would prevail. In accordance with this principle of nomination I can assure hon Members the government will not keep any political aspect in view. They would certainly consult the representative bodies of the workers and would nominate those persons whom the workers like and those people who would really safeguard the interests of workers alone will be nominated and those people who work against the interests of workers will get no place Moreover there is no room for a clash or a controversy in the actual working of this body It exists only for the proper utilization of funds Governments interest is mainly to see that the money is spent for housing and that the invested capital is received back. On such questions as these there would not be much of capital labour controversy. It may be auticipated that the employer may like certain houses being allotted for

of L bou nerts n workers. Within the factory itself the workers umon and the employers could come to some understanding as to which of the workers should be provided accommodation and in what places If the employers and the employees collectively should ask that they should be provided such and such twenty houses then these 20 employees would be allocated accommodation without trouble The is a matter out of the purview of the Corporation It will not come before the Corporat on Once the employer has to contribute and once the employer says I want 20 houses allotted for my employees and these are the names of those twenty employees these workers would be given the houses. So to say any controversy in the accommodation being made available to a particular set of employees is altogether out of the purview of the Corporation W thin the Corporation there will not be so much controversy except selecting the site the particular type of houses to be built then design specufication and finally to see that the cost of construction will be below a particular ceiling. These are purely technical financial and commercial matters. A certain amount of free activity can be promoted under the Special Labour Housing Fund In fact the employers should be made to contribute towards capital This is also my view the view of the Government and the view of nominees. But at this present juncture it would be very difficult to levy any uniform taxation or levy on the employers wage bills. We thought at one stage why we should not put in 5% of the wage bill in Hyderabad But that appeared to me most impractical As I said when I was speaking on the resolution on Labour I think that any step we should take should be on an All India basis The industry should not suffer or should not collapse The Manufactured goods from the industrial units should not be costher than those coming from outside

We have to protect our industries also. Therefore as a beginning we have to proceed authously we propose to collect upto 5% for those houses which have been occupied to the control of the collection of the collection of the cones when the Government of boths might introduce shill or the State Government their might think it fit to adopt a uniform levy of as 1 3%, 8% or 4%, on the Will come for every industry. I can save that state will come for the every industry. I can save that the save all come for available and also with the mones that we may collect and thin first visibilities uses of he mg made certain provide to build up the I dom H is no Tund. We have a first time i think in to plus

Wivilluse | ight the Bill so soon before the House-even but I that he for verticent he len up this measure Is a St to under a We car State has not implemented of fills 11 1 is nh on ral Housing Pill in Bombay but no that I tall um bill it is only the Hydecabad Stit () 11 111 up this Bill first and we have already h und dir h n 10 the scheme i the Government of I i (1 f) lines ct and 50 those houses and the it i ris i set i it perly m n ed and the property that me t le las Year Plan must be properly looled after There's b n wel we die why taken up the work of building bout I thought it I st to give a light status by making it a at tute a l is Al created it is the Advisory Body that in den Il he v el reguding housing I concede that this was bright michnis but I do assure the hon Members that I this a m mand the a mous suggestions made by them med as the empleyer should be levied a patheular percent on the Will Bills r n production or on profits or something like that to be the thit out in tuture. But whatever steps we take our primary object should be that it should not affect our industry me my way and we shall give more time to con sider side top

It may be that we may have to proceed on an All India Loss II (c. v. nument of Lindwin might be thinking of una hormity as that hat I had down fit include absentite under the Imply wes I manurer Act where they have been deeping 12% or the ut distance. Where it is contract they are collecting in It is a distance of the I had the I had

of I lo

eyoloc! Meanwhile this is going in a preceineal affair and
when we go i a preceineal manner let us be realistic and let
us see that our industry passworthin its capacity. When we
consume the employes and employes at hough their co oper
ation, we shall see that this scheme is successful. That is the
bases iden.

I have answered all points—particularly about the idea behind nomination and also why I did not like that election should be there because I did not like any controversy in the Corporation as it is concerned purely with technical and seigni fo aspects Secondly about the levying tax or a uniform collection from the Wage Bills or profits or from the capital investment from the employers - this also should be postponed for consideration at a later date. At the moment if we can collect up to 5% whatever it may work out to-from the emplo yers I think the scheme would be successful because we worked it out is costing us 61% on the capital to meet bur habilities ors maintenance taxation and payment towards Su ling Fund In this way we have provided a maximum collection of 71% upto 5% from the employer and 21% from the employee Therefore we are quite satisfied in saving that the scheme is quite successful as far as the investment is made

The hon Member from Ippaguda has said that should the Central Government and the State Government fail to provide any finances this scheme may fail. This is a genuine apprehension indeed but there is the possibility of promoting depentures the Government guaranteeing and then collecting the monies There would be no difficulty provided the Cor potation functions within its limitations and keens the con struction cost low The apprehension expressed also about the cost of construction is really genuine. It has been our experience that estimates are made some times at a particular figure and when actual work is completed it goes up by 50% or 100% more I do see the point in it I am taking all possible precautions and the experts who are tackling this work have assued me that it will not be much far from Rs 8 500 Any how for the moment I rely upon them and I shall endeavour to see that the construction cost will not go abnor mally It will be profitable to the worker if the construction cost is low

The Opposition will appreciate that for an accommodation of this in time a two room increased 2 sooms. 2 without his distribution is a law top, and pose space in first and rear long, ascar it as worker in Hydicaball for a low paid which is a low paid which is the standard in root uniform through ut out write the fact that an industrial worker in the twist when we company and in Himagaptagare on in Domail guily or somewhere and that too's that shock further worker in the order of the commodation of the standard in the same and the standard in the same and the standard in our Domail guily or somewhere and that too's that shock further workers are considered in the same architecture.

Shu V D Desh ande How many houses have been constructed under this scheme so far?

Abru 1 B Ray : three hundred houses are nearing complete too According to schedule they ought to have been completed by July and 14 months more is asked for because of inte survivals of crement and error. Another thousand houses will be completed in the Carte of this year. Before December one thousand houses will be completed in the City of Hydea abad

I have got the programme for the districts also Out of 1000 house, will be in Byderabad district uncluding Hyderabad and Secundershad district uncluding Hyderabad and Secundershad cities and the rest of the house will be in the districts of Waran gal Auran, abad Guibarga Nanded Jalia Raichus Nizam sabu Latur and Khamman as per the following allotanent

1 200 Warnigal 800 Aurangabad 800 Gulbarga 800 Nanded 200 Jaina 200 Raichur 200 Nizamabad 150 Latur

200 Khammam and the remaining have been kept as reserved

Every effort a being made to keep the construction costs as low as possible so that it will be profitable to the employee in this connection it was pleaded why the lowspaid employee should not be given rent free quarters? It is argued LA Bill \0 \Y of 1 \2 : 1 h J by 1)02
Bill for 1 Ising p out

ston for p oper Hous

Sha Buchah How many houses have been allotted to the Adilabad district ?

Shi V B Rgm No louses a yet but thee is a reserve No doubt the could himse sheen have provided heusing completely I think so Tile Sirpiu Paper Mills have provided houses They have got a scheme of their on a which would be something similar to cuits and we if see that the accommodation and the sixtu said design as kept to cention in our sidence or we might consider saking them to associate themselves without on scheme and teamite them to see the control of the said of th

## An hon Member What about Hyderabad Chemicals?

Shot V B Rasu I have said for that district We are warting to know from the I T I what scheme they have got at Supur That is why as my learned Member has already said we have got some in neserve (Interrup tion What about Ramagundam?) This is not a permanent plan It is a Five Year Plan Supposing if we would be successful in building the houses we would have paved the way for further success Vx Rege when he prepared the Report had m his mind and he has made it unte clear also that out of Rs 28 dearness allowance that is meant to be paid to the lowest paid worker Rs 5 should serve sent the house rent allowance. He has clarified it as Rs 5 in the City and Rs 8 in the district town 21% as I have just calculated may come to Rs 7 or Rs 8 These houses may even permit two employees to be there or even supposing it is not still it is worthwhile paying Rs 6 or Rs 7 for such an accommodation. The worker who is getting Rs 60 or so in the City of Hyderabad unless he is hving in a but which would he amply blown away by gale of wind if he is occupying a house which can be called a House must be paying at least Rs 10 So I do not think that for the employee who will be drawing this much in Hyderabad City this is a bad deal There are employees of the different ordies we must strike at the average we should not simply take the lowest paid and the highest paid we must somewhere strike a cross

ing of I alour and draw the man. In textile industry, the lowest paid emplyee males if least in my opinion Rs 70 I had some iffer me with the hon Memb a when and a about Bonus and escriping wices. If the lis total emoluments are taken into and the I west paid employee in Hyderabad City must is made, at host Ho 60 Heat is the standard I visualisethat can industrial worker today in the Hyderabad City has re the ! I werler making Rs 60 I think will not grumble to pay it a thouse which will add to his efficiency and health and with in ac immodula a that would facilitate him to create a me wall I has wife hile some craft in lustry in his own house and what h will also widen his vision. He might thus be compelled by this way to save the money which he is oth twist carving to the torkly shop and the cinema hall so that he c n p v it ton not rent and lead a better hife

Re rimg Hac Purches, System and making houses avail pile to the weakers one hon Merabus from this side of the If us his painted at a clause I ver though it is not clearly mentione lunder the s home it is the intention of the Govern ment to m ke certain turnes available at a later stage in the ships of louis to weikers to operatives. Those houses which at least for the minstry shall not be occurred by non employ ce and that pruniple must be accepted. Government has got is much symmethy is the Opposition has got for the w there that they should own the houses. The method and the a must in which the worker could own the house must be considered. A weakers co-operative must be formed, the ( i) ritin might use its goal offices to secure loans for the worker see eperatives it can lend money on instalment basis or build houses at sen a ste places for workers who want to own houses in Hur Purch so System and the Corporation can create all such frequency. But that is another item. The Corpu ation is not prohibited or precluded from tal ing to such activities. When the Department was considering about this, it had exactly this plan in its mind viz that certain wear might be acquired for workers. Housing Co operatives who uld like to myest their Provident Tund amount when they acture or amounts borrowed agruest the Provident Fund for mounts received from their insurance policies, and if they want to hadd heast the Corporation might come to their aid It securing k use and also by idding some more money towards lo in and then collecting the same by instalments. All these thing, are in the view of the Government but as I have already Rill for making pro teton for proper House me of Labour

said ours is a humble beginning and if we make a start and if we succeed in the beginning -as all know that nothing exceeds like success -it might encourage us to take to other schemes and mai e them successful Without much doubting what will happen in the future and what should be done after 10 or 20 years let us now see how best we can constitute the Corporation which will build up a Labour Housing Fund and which will build some houses first

The Government's intention is that some houses must be built so that we can relieve the employee from this heavy rent that he is paying and also the inconvenience that is being caused to him. If we can build 10 000 houses with a mim of of mores in five years in our own way and in our generation and within the life of this House if will certainly be a magni ficent nob and really worthy of credit Building 10 000 houses for industrial workers is not a small achievement and I wish that all our attention must be cone nitrated on the ways and means of securing this 42 crores when the finances of Hyderabad State are so badly placed and how we can profitably utilise these 81 croses and also how we can secure the co operation of both the employers and the employees in making this scheme suc nessful. This is the objective that should inspire us and that should make us put our heads together and make the scheme a success Any suggestion not only from this House but also from outside this House from the Labour Advisory Board or from the Corporation where the employees representatives will be there or from any other angle-any suggestion to make this constructive activity successful will be appreciated and will be given very sympathetic consideration by the Govern ment That is why I said in the very beginning that this is a non controvercial Bill and it is only about the magnitude that we have got difference of opinion while the Opposition wents yers much to be done the Government save that this much alone can be done Supposing the Party in power is in the Opposition it might have said the same thing because it is the tradition of the Opposition to claim more to ask for more without consideration for the capacity or the resources that the Government has not. If resources could be shown. Government will be anxious to build not only 2 000 houses but 3 000 and even more Building houses will meate more employment also In this way it will be relieving the burden of the Government particularly the burden of the Labour Minister on whose shoulders nearly 20 000 people are sitting

m, of Labour (Labour Labour La

va w this Bill and will may this Bill without any mendment

That is my ispirition Sit

We Speaker The Question is

That I A Bill No XX of 1) 12 be read a First time

(the Motion was idopted)

1) Horse the -diport LUB In of the Clock of Maxima the 14th July 1  $\pm$