

Vol III
No 13



Saturday,
6th December, 1961

HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES

Official Report

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THE HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Saturday, 13th December, 1954

The House met at Half Past Two of the Clock

[MR. SUDAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr. Speaker : I call the Starred Questions

First of the Month

317 (86) Starred Question No. 10 (Medical) Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether the lands held by protected tenants are being auctioned in connection with the collection of revenue arrears?

(b) If so, what are the rights of protected tenants are not being affected?

(c) If not, all the same, why this practice is not being stopped and why permission is given to the protected tenants after collecting the revenue arrears from them?

چیف منسٹر (شہری رام کس راج) : اے والے سوال اور جواب
دیا گیا ہے۔ اس کے جواب میں اے والے سوال اور جواب

دو سو روپے والے سے معمولاً دو سو روپے

سے دو سو روپے والے سے دو سو روپے سے دو سو روپے
دئے گئے آئے ہیں اور ان کے لئے

شہری و کاشتکاروں کے لئے اس بارے میں وہاں موجود ہے

شہری رام کس راج کے لئے ان کے لئے ان کے لئے ان کے لئے

شہری و کاشتکاروں کے لئے ان کے لئے ان کے لئے ان کے لئے

مسٹر اسپیکر : سوال پڑھا گیا ہے۔

Settlement Department

*318 (371) *Shri Na. Rao Pathal (Sillad)* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

Whether the Government have received any application from Sillad village in the Anantpur District in which the survey in the Settlement Department regarding their indebtedness is taking Rs. 500 or more from village of the village survey.

سے ایسی درخواستیں آیا ہیں جو کہ ان کے لیے اس وقت سے اس وقت تک کوئی

Chief Inspector of Office

*319 (107) *Shri S. Radhappa (Chitragu)* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

- (a) What are the duties of the Chief Inspector of Office?
- (b) Whether the Chief Inspector of Office has recommended any improvements concerning the organization?
- (c) What action has been taken in his recommendations?
- (d) Whether the Heads of Departments must do the work of the Chief Inspector in the event of their non-availability?

میں نے اس کے بارے میں جاننا چاہتا ہوں۔

(a) چیف انسپکٹر آف آفس کے فرائض کیا ہیں؟

(b) چیف انسپکٹر آف آفس نے کسی بھی ترمیم کی سفارش کی ہے یا نہیں؟

(c) ان سفارشات پر کیا کارروائی ہوئی ہے؟

(d) اگر چیف انسپکٹر آف آفس کو کوئی کام نہ ملے تو اس کے کاموں کو سرکار کے دیگر افسرانے کیا کرنا ہے؟

میں نے اس کے بارے میں جاننا چاہتا ہوں۔

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(b) چیف انسپکٹر آف آفس نے کسی بھی ترمیم کی سفارش کی ہے یا نہیں؟

(c) ان سفارشات پر کیا کارروائی ہوئی ہے؟

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(d) اگر چیف انسپکٹر آف آفس کو کوئی کام نہ ملے تو اس کے کاموں کو سرکار کے دیگر افسرانے کیا کرنا ہے؟

دو سے مرنا وا ش ل ن و

Record of Right Bill

*39 (11) Mr S. Khandajpe Will the hon. Ch of Minister be pleased to state

(a) What is the justification for continuing the Records of Rights work after completing the Record Tenures under Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Act?

(b) Cannot they be amalgamated in one and the same form as is done in Bombay and Madhya Pradesh by way of separate separate establishment in both?

(c) Is it not that the Record of Rights system has since been changed after Police Act rendering thereby the previous work and forms useless and liable to rupees wasted in these experiments?

(d) Whether the system now being followed will be altered?

(e) In what way is the work has been completed so far and to what extent it is proposed to be extended?

(f) Where it is completed what benefits has it conferred on the ryots?

(g) Whether the mutation Registers are being properly maintained in my parts where the work has been completed?

(h) If not why maintain such a costly establishment?

سرکاری راجم کس رائل اس ال سے عا ر س

اے رکارڈوں آف را س اور س رکارڈ دو ن لے نا ر س ہوں اے
 اکہ اک دورے سے جاو س لے نا لے ر سواں آف را س نام لے نا
 س ع سے جاو س لے نا س رکارڈ نام ورا لے نا

جو رے نا لے نا لے نا رکارڈوں آف را س نام لے نا
 س مکمل ہو جائے نا و ان وقت لے نا (Amalgamation)
 ہوا لے نا لے نا

جو رے نا لے نا جواب س س ہوں

جو رے نا جواب لے نا رکارڈوں آف را س نام اور گہ آد لے نا
 بدلنے س نام لے نا اور لے نا لے نا لے نا اور لے نا آد لے نا
 س پورا ہو جائے لے نا (جو دل س لے نا)

ملج لے نا وں آفاد کو رانی آس لے نا

میں

مرکزی ڈراما سوسائٹی (Central Drama Society) کی تشکیل کی گئی ہے اور

مرکزی ڈراما سوسائٹی (Central Drama Society) کی تشکیل کی گئی ہے اور

مرکزی ڈراما سوسائٹی (Central Drama Society) کی تشکیل کی گئی ہے اور

مرکزی ڈراما سوسائٹی (Central Drama Society) کی تشکیل کی گئی ہے اور

Osmania University

323 (393) *Shri M S Rajahngam (Wauhind)* Will the Hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

Whether in the proposed changes of Osmania University into a Hindi University Hindi is going to be compulsory second language?

مرکزی ڈراما سوسائٹی (Central Drama Society) کی تشکیل کی گئی ہے اور
 (Consideration) کے اسباب میں سے ایک
 جواب

Shri M S Rajahngam May I know whether the Chief Minister in his capacity as the Chancellor of the University has taken note of the fact that there is a major section of the press and the population that is desirous that English should be the medium of instruction till the regional language can take its place?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao I do not know whether there is a major section of the press and the public but certainly a section of the press and the public has represented that English should continue to be the medium of instruction for the time being period. I have taken note of that.

Shri M S Rajahngam Is it also the view of the Central Government Sir?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao I cannot speak on behalf of the Central Government?

Shri M S Rajahm—May I know Sir what the terms of reference of the Educational Expert Committee are in this connection?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao—I do not know how this question would arise here. I am however prepared to give the hon. Member the reply.

On the 9th December the Government of India have issued a notification of which I have received a copy only this morning. The hon. Member wanted the terms of reference and I will give him only the terms of reference. The terms of reference are as follows:

1. To consider and recommend what should be the future character, scope and administration of the Osmania University in the light of the new conditions and taking into consideration the views of the University and the Government of Hyderabad.

2. To consider the desirability and practicability of introducing Hindi as the medium of instruction in the Osmania University and the manner and stages in which it should be done.

3. To consider the scope of the study of English at the University and in the Colleges:

(a) until Hindi fully becomes the medium of instruction and

(b) thereafter.

4. In the light of the recommendations under the foregoing items to consider the future arrangements of the colleges which are administered by and affiliated to the University.

5. To consider the best manner in which the University should encourage the study of Urdu and the regional languages of Hyderabad namely Telugu, Marathi and Kannada and the future scope of these languages in the University curriculum and especially in the affiliated colleges.

Shri M S Rajahm—Were the terms of reference a result of the negotiations between the Government of Hyderabad and the Government of India?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao—Yes.

Shri M S Rajahm—Does the hon. the Chief Minister remember that in his answer to one of my questions in the previous?

session he stated that the Osmania University would be run on the same lines as the Benares, Aligarh and Delhi Universities? Does it not mean that all these Universities will have to be in the same medium of instruction?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao I am not sure that that will probably form the subject matter of inquiry by the Educational Experts Committee. It is covered by one of the items of reference which I have mentioned just now.

Domination of Professors

324 (397A) *Shri M. S. Rajalingam* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

How does the Government propose to allay the fear in the mind of the public that there is going to be a domination of the Professors, Lecturers, etc. of the wealth of the change?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao The Secretary proposed question I can only say that there is no intention to deprive the lecturers and teachers from the North after the change if it does take place. Hence the question of allaying any fears in the mind of the public does not arise so far as the Government of Hyderabad or the Government of India is concerned.

Shri M. S. Rajalingam Does the hon. the Chief Minister as the Chancellor of the University want that an autonomous body like the University shall have the full right for appointing Professors and Lecturers?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao Undoubtedly. The University Council or whichever body has the supreme executive authority in the University will have the powers enjoyed by any other University under Chutia's government; then and the Osmania University is no exception.

Details of Savings

*325 (393B) *Shri M. S. Rajalingam* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

What are the details of the 18 lakhs of savings that the Government is going to have as a result of the said change?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao No specific data can be supplied now with regard to the details of 18 lakhs of savings to which I

reference has been made in one of the alternative proposals made by the Government of India in their note. That itself is one of the terms of reference to the other Committee which has already been appointed namely the Committee presided over by the Secretary of the States Ministry *ie* Mr Velkatchu and it is premature to conjecture about the date of the statistics.

Shri M S Rajalingam It is the Government's rough idea about it Sir?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao There is a rough idea which I think I had given in the course of my speech on the resolution about the University. I had given some details then.

Expenditure on Student

*326 (397C) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) What is the expenditure on an average incurred on every student by the Government at present?

(b) Is the Government sure that this standard shall be maintained after the said change?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao I may inform I have been answering in English. It is against the ruling of the Chair.

Mr Speaker It is not a ruling. It is agreed only for the sake of convenience.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao (a) Average expenditure incurred on every student by the Government is about Rs 500 per year.

(b) In the change over the Government has no fear regarding the lowering of standards as the University is governed by its Rules, Statutes and Ordinances.

Mr Speaker Still the hon. Chief Minister is answering in English!

(1 night)

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao I am reading the answer. I can, however, translate it into Hindi.

(اے) جواب ہے کہ ہر طالب علم کو سالانہ طور پر 500 روپے خرچہ ہوا ہے
اسکی مقدار 500 روپے ہے

(1) ... (2) ... (3) ...
 (Rules) ... (...)
 ...

The Educational Committee

*327 (395) *Shri M S Rajagopalam* Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

Whether there are any proposals for the appointment of officials and non-officials to the Educational Department Committee meant to suggest changes in the University?

سرکاری کامیڈر

Shri M S Rajagopalam Is there any proposal for Hyderabad State on the Committee and if what is the name?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao Now that the resolution has been issued by the Government of India I have a suggestion in the closing the personnel of the Committee that has been appointed

Shri Acharya Nandana Das Vice-Chancellor of the Benares University will be the Chairman of the Committee. The Members are

Dr Abdul Haq Principal Presidency College, Madras

Dr B B Dey Retired Director of Public Instruction, Madras

Shri A R Wadia ex-officio Vice-Chancellor, Statute University (now teaching in Bombay)

Dr M S Thacker Director Institute of Science, Bangalore

Shri Krishanath Rao Vudya Special Officer, Hyderabad Legislative Assembly, Hyderabad

Shri M Hanumanth Rao Mayor, Hyderabad Municipal Corporation, Hyderabad

Shri Krishanramacharya Joshi Member of the House of People from Hyderabad

Dr S Bhagwantham Vice-Chancellor, Government University and

Dr S Bhagwantham will be the Convener of the Committee

Place of English

*318 (313A) *Shri M S Kopalram* Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

What will be the place of English in the proposed change of Osmania University into a Central University?

Mr Speaker Answers to the previous question has covered this matter.

Shri M S Kopalram But the implementation I desire to ask may be different.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao The matter has to be considered and decided by the various academic bodies of the University.

Utilisation of Indrakuma Palace

*329 (399) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

Whether the Government intend to approach I.I.I.II the Nizam for the utilisation of Indrakuma Palace to house the Osmania University?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao No.

Shri M S Rajalingam Is it a fact that the beautiful site was also a consideration for starting a Central Hindi University?

Mr Speaker The hon Member is asking and suggesting.

Shri M S Rajalingam I am not asking. So it is a pity that sometimes even asking for information appears to be an argument or suggestion. It is a piece of information that is wanted.

Mr Speaker If it is a suggestion. Next question.

Shri M S Rajalingam Though you have given a ruling in the matter I still hold that my question is not an argument.

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri M S Ryalingam*

Shri M. S. Rajah in reply to the notice of the hon. Chief Minister and the Chair Boy of the University that the whole of the South and Central papers handed in against the Osmania University and the Hindi University.

Shri B. Kamal Chari If it is against it is against.

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajah* in

Grants in aid to Libraries

*332 (131) *Shri M. S. Rajah* asks: Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:

- (a) The amount allotted to grants in aid to libraries in the budget of 1951-52?
- (b) The amount earmarked for similar purpose in the year 1952-53?
- (c) The number of libraries which received the grants last year and the total amount so received by them?

मिनिस्टर फॉर पब्लिक हेल्थ, मेडिकल अँड एज्युकेशन (श्री सुब्रह्मण्य शास्त्री) सा ५१५२ विधायी प्रश्नको जवाब देते हैं कि (२०१००) में मजदूरों के लिए १२५२ विधायी प्रश्न की विधायी प्रश्न मजदूरों की संख्या: मुक्तिदाता (२२) जवाब देते हैं कि (१९८१) साधन की संख्या है।

سری کے وی راجا راجا اور اولی راجا کے لئے مدد کی

श्री सुब्रह्मण्य शास्त्री जगत विद्या परिषद् (Individual) जवाब देते हैं कि (२०१००) में मजदूरों के लिए १२५२ विधायी प्रश्न मजदूरों की संख्या: मुक्तिदाता (२२) जवाब देते हैं कि (१९८१) साधन की संख्या है।

سری سو راجا راجا (جو) کی مدد کی

श्री सुब्रह्मण्य शास्त्री सा जगत विद्या परिषद् (Ipsa) हो गयी।

سری ہنگو راجا کھنڈر ڈاکٹر (جو) سرکاری فونڈ کی مدد کی

श्री सुब्रह्मण्य शास्त्री विधाने विद्या परिषद् साक्षिणः।

سری اسپرینڈی (نالکند) (جو) لا مروت کی مدد کی

श्री फूलचन्द गायी मैं गायी महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठों के लिए क्या योजना है ?

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

*333 (431A) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether there is any proposal held by the Government to liberalise the Rules relating to the grant of fellowships and stipendium aid to them?

श्री फूलचन्द गायी महाराष्ट्र के शिक्षण विभाग (Education) के सचिव महोदय १९५२ विद्यापीठों के मातृ-सहायता योजना के अंतर्गत में प्रोत्साहित करने के उद्देश्य से विद्यार्थियों को छात्रवृत्तियों (Scholarships) और छात्रवृत्तियों (Stipendium) का अधिकार प्रदान करने के लिए क्या योजना है ?

Shri M S Rajalingam Does the Adult Education Committee make any suggestion for liberalising the Rules regarding aid?

श्री फूलचन्द गायी महाराष्ट्र का १२ विद्यापीठों के लिए क्या योजना है ?

Shri M S Rajalingam Sir, My question is whether the Adult Education Committee has made any recommendation in this regard?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi I do not know.

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

Vocational Education

*334 (432) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health and Education be pleased to state

Whether the Government intend to abolish the post of Special Officer for Vocational Education and merge the Department with the Education Director etc?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi The answer is in the negative.

Shri M S Rajalingam Sir, Is it a fact that many of the Vocational Girls Schools are being run for amusement and that they do not have adequate strength?

Mr. Speaker How does this question arise? It is not relevant.

श्री कृष्ण ब गांधी वता है कि वरिष्ठ वरिष्ठ नौ नौ के वरिष्ठता (Abolition) के लिए है।

Shri M. S. Rajalingam In view of the fact that there is not enough work... it was my question.

Mr. Speaker That is a different matter altogether.

श्री कृष्ण ब गांधी ने कहा है कि वह नौ नौ के वरिष्ठता को हटाने के लिए है।

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

Public Libraries

*335 (436) *Shri M. S. Rajalingam* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether there is any proposal before the Government to establish Public Libraries in all the District Headquarters?

श्री कृष्ण ब गांधी ने अवधी के वर्गों के विषय में नौ नौ के वरिष्ठता के लिए प्रस्ताव है।

इसके अलावा नौ विद्यालयों में नौ नौ के वरिष्ठता के लिए प्रस्ताव है।

Shri G. Rajaram What is the estimate of the Managing Committee of State Library?

श्री कृष्ण ब गांधी विद्यालयों के वरिष्ठता के लिए प्रस्ताव है।

श्री कृष्ण ब गांधी ने कहा है कि नौ नौ के वरिष्ठता के लिए प्रस्ताव है।

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

Special Grant to Sch 1

*336 (437) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon the Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether any of the aided schools have received special grants since the fixing up of the grant on the basis of the pay bill of 1949?

(b) If so what are the schools which have received such grants since 1949 and the amounts respectively received by them?

श्री सुब्रह्मण्यम गंधी (क) और (ख) का जवाब : मैंने इन सवालों पर जवाब देना नहीं चाहा था। १९४९ वित्त वर्ष में अलग-अलग विद्यालयों को अलग-अलग अंश (१, २, ३) का अंश देना पर विचार किया गया था। किन्तु मुद्रास्फीति के कारण ऐसा नहीं हो पाया।

میری نے وی کے جواب دینے سے انکار کیا ہے۔

श्री सुब्रह्मण्यम गंधी विनये विनम्र (ख) का जवाब : मैंने इन सवालों का जवाब देना नहीं चाहा।

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question.

Shri M S Rajalingam I have to ask some supplementary questions.

Is it a fact that some schools had been given increased special grants?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi This is the only one school and this is the only one period when more than a regular grant has been given.

Shri G Rajaram What were the conditions under which an additional grant was given?

श्री सुब्रह्मण्यम गंधी यह जवाब २९ दिसम्बर १९५२ में दिया था कि अगला वित्त वर्ष ही अलग-अलग अंश देना शुरू किया गया था। किन्तु मुद्रास्फीति के कारण अंश देना नहीं हो पाया।

Mr. Speaker Next question *Shri Rylington*

* 337 (139) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

What is the declared policy of the Government towards aided schools and its responsibility towards the salaries of teachers employed by the aided schools?

श्री कुलचर गांधी ने श्री सर्वोच्च आयोग (Pay and Service Commission) का क्या अविवेक समझा जिसकी वे रजिस्टर मुद्रा लिखें तो अंततः जिसकी मर्यादित मजदूर को यह आश्वासन दिया गया था कि सर्वोच्च आयोग द्वारा अंततः वे जो वेतन की दर तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा। अंततः जो वेतन तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा। अंततः जो वेतन तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा। अंततः जो वेतन तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा।

سری ادھوراؤ ڈیٹی (اہلاد عام) ڈا اب ا کہے ہیں نہ اڈڈ کولس
(Voluntary Schools) اور اڈڈ کولس (Aided Schools)
نووم پر دم دی جا رہی ش

श्री कुलचर गांधी यह प्रश्न तब तक अलग-अलग करवावटों में रखे क बाद आविदा का एक विवरण भी नहीं है और अभी तो बात पर विचार करना पड़ेगा कि क्या करवावट है।

سری ادھوراؤ ڈیٹی ڈا اب اڈڈ کولس اور اڈڈ کولس کے متعلق
کوئی اطلاع نہیں

श्री कुलचर गांधी क्या अंततः वेतन (Voluntary Aided Schools) का विवरण तब तक भी नहीं है।

Shri M S Rajalingam Did my deputation on behalf of the Managements of aided institutions see the hon. Minister in this connection?

श्री कुलचर गांधी अंततः विवरण तब तक भी नहीं है (Representative) का नाम पर अंततः मुद्रा लिखें तब तक अंततः वेतन तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा। अंततः जो वेतन तय करेगा वह ५२ प्रतिशत तक अधिक होना संभव नहीं होगा।

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

*338 (440) *Shri M S Rajah* on Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether it is a fact that the Government have adopted the principle of equal status and salary for all teachers in both State and Government schools when pay commission is implemented with effect from 1st September 1952?

श्री कुरुवर गायी विद्याका नगर धरम (१३०) प्रश्न क्र. १

Mr. Speaker: Let us proceed further. *Shri Rajalingam*

Dear Sir,

*339 (441) *Shri M S Rajah* on Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether dearness allowance is being paid to teachers in Government schools drawing a salary of less than Rs. 10 per month?

(b) If so from what year?

(c) Whether the same principle is being observed in aided schools also?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: (a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) Since October 1949.

(सी) का अर्थ यह है कि डीआर एल (Aid Schools) में भी १० बीएस (Basic) पर सेट की गयी थी जिसमें डीआर एल (Dearness Allowance) धरम नहीं दिया गया था। अरु १० से १२ बीएस पर (10 to 12) भी धरम कर दिया गया है।

Shri M S Rajalingam: Does the hon. Minister contemplate asking the Managing Committees to provide the teachers with the same facilities of D.A.?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: Of course. It is provided in the Rules. They have to abide by that.

Mr. Speaker: Let us proceed to the next question. *Shri Rajalingam*

President Lund Rule

* 310 (113) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether the Government propose to enforce provision fund rules included in it?

श्री कुलकर्णी: अन्वय को पूरा करना है। यह भी बताया होगा कि हेतु अस्तित्व में की प्राविश्य है (Provisional Fund) का क्या होगा।

Mr. Speaker: Next question *Shri Rajalingam*

Grant in Aid to School

* 341 (144) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether the policy governing the grants in aid to schools is reviewed by the Government from time to time and if so at what intervals?

(b) Whether the Government propose to review this matter in September, 1952?

(c) What is the basis adopted at present for fixing the grants?

(d) Do the Government intend introducing any changes in the matter?

Shri Phoolchand Gaudhi: (a) The answer is in the affirmative

तीन बातें मैं अब तक पूछ चुका हूँ। (बी) (सी) और (डी) का जवाब मैं भी अब तक नहीं दे (As this is usual) मैं कुछ दिन के बाद फिर (Revised rules) में फिर मैं पूछूँगी। (बी) (सी) (डी) का जवाब मैं अब तक नहीं दे

Managing Committee of Aided Schools

* 312 (116) *Shri M S Rajalingam* Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether there are any gazetted officers of the Government on the managing committees of aided schools?

(b) Whether the Government have any objection for the officers to serve on such managing committees?

Shri Phoolchand Gaudhi: (a) The answer is in the affirmative

युव (बी) का बचाव में क्या कृपा की जा सकती है ?
 क्या वह बच्चा बचाया गया है ?

Whether the Government have any suggestion to make to serve on such institutions ?

बिना बचाव के किन्हीं कारणों से नहीं बचाया जा सकता है ?
 (A) (Institutional Objects) की वृद्धि के लिए क्या कृपा की जा सकती है ?

Shri M. S. Rajagann Is it necessary that they should take prior permission ?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi Of course. But Government Servants they must.

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next item. Shri Rajagann

Special Grants

*343 (447) Shri M. S. Rajagann Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What are the institutions that have received grants for building library furniture since 1937 ? and how much ?

श्री कुलकर्णी साहू से प्रश्नकर्ता (७१५) और (१६६) का जवाब देना । प्रश्नकर्ता (Scientific Application) जवाब देना । प्रश्नकर्ता (१६६) और (१६७) का जवाब देना । प्रश्नकर्ता (१६८) का जवाब देना ।

سری جی (۱) و (۲) کے جواب کے لئے براہ کرم اسکولوں کے نام لکھیں

श्री कुलकर्णी साहू (१) विद्यालय हरीदासजी (२) बालिका विद्यालय (३) से प्रश्नकर्ता का जवाब देना ।

Medical Chests

*344 (467) Shri K. Venkat Ram Rao Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) The number of medical chests distributed in Nalgonda district ?

(b) Whether it is a fact that orders were issued to the effect that the Secretary of the District Congress Committee should record the name of the person to whom the medicine chests will be given ?

سری سی رام کے نام
 ای (۷) - ناد و چر در نے ہی گویں نوہم لجا
 سری جے رام رائی
 میں کوگرہ میں
 سری مہدی وارچک
 لیا سر لوہ
 سری سی سری راملو
 اب سے سے - ہ ہ ہ ہ
 سری مہدی وارچک
 اربا - اربا
 سری سی سری راملو
 Allow (۷)
 (English)

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* 347 (366) *Shri Nawwan Koo Nawwan Rao* Will the hon. Minister for Labour Rehabilitation, Inclusion and Planning be pleased to state

- (a) Whether it is a fact that the Labour Commissioner is performing the duties of the Labour Secretary in addition to his own?
- (b) If so, in what relation?

سری سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)

سری سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)

Shri M. Buehah What is the amount that is being paid?
 (Provisional Allowance)
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)

سری سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)

Mr. Speaker This is after all administrative work
 اور سی رام رائے (شری سی رام)

سرکاری ٹوائیڈ میں دو (2) ایکسٹنشن کے لئے عادی اراضی اور ان کے لئے وہاں کے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

Shoobul Khan Memorial Fund

79 (703) *Shri Syed Hasan* Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) How much amount was sanctioned for the late Shoobul Khan Memorial Fund?

(b) How was it utilised?

(c) Whether his widow and children are benefitted by it?

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں (Donation) کے نام سے

دو اہل خانہ کے نام سے

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

سرکاری زمینوں میں سے کس زمین پر عادی زمینیں اور ان کے لئے عادی زمینیں

Senior Member Board of Revenue

180 (704) *Shri Syed Hasan* Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

84 (843A) *Shri Manohar Phale* Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to see

(a) How many Tahsildars were transferred from Sillod taluqa during the last 2 years and what is the nature of such transfers within such a short time. On the other hand, how many Clerk and Gondwans have been working in the Tahsil Office in Bhadwad and Sillod for more than 1 year continuously.

(b) Will these Clerk and Gondwans be transferred or allowed to work permanently in the new Office?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) Since 15 March 1957 only 2 Tahsildars have been posted to Sillod Tahsil. A holder of the one who was officiating in the previous office for a short time and the other who is working at present.

These transfers were effected on administrative ground. The transfer of Clerk and Gondwan in the district will within the purview of the Collector and their transfer is a decision based upon administrative exigencies.

Land as 'Bancharam'

85 (855) *Shri P. Vasudevi (Kupwad)* Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to see

(a) Whether there is any rule that 10% of the area in each village should be reserved as 'Bancharam'?

(b) The number of villages in the taluqa which have no bancharam or have bancharam less than the prescribed 10%?

(c) What steps are the Government taking to provide the requisite bancharam area in such village?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) Yes, there is such rule laid down in Revenue Department's Notification No. 15 dated 25.1.1957.

(b) The information is not immediately available and will be furnished if sufficient notice is given.

(c) There are orders to set apart unoccupied areas for 'gauris' where there is no 'gauris' area or where there is less than the minimum percentage.

Ex parte Assessment

*86 (856) *Shri P Vasudev* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether there are any jagir villages in Bhongir and Gajwel taluqs in which land revenue is still being collected at old Jagir rates?

(b) If so why the level of assessment has not been brought down to the adjoining Drwani level?

(c) By what time do the Government propose to remove this disparity in the pitch of assessments?

(d) Whether and if so what interim relief is proposed to be given to such villages?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao (a) No jagir orders are expected to be existing in Gajwel and Bhongir taluqs in which the collection of the land revenue should still go on at the old rates prevalent in jagir taluqs.

(b) On the receipt of complaints in respect of high assessments in Ex Pachte villages of Medak district, the Board of Revenue proposed relief to be granted to these ryots which has been sanctioned by Government. As a result higher assessments have been scaled down in conformity with the adjoining Drwani rates.

(c) It is not possible to show what time the Government would like to remove the disparity in the pitch of assessments. However, Resettlement and Revision have been taken up by the Settlement Department in villages and taluqs where this has not been done. Gajwel is a new taluq formed after the abolition of the jagirs and many of the villages now included in this taluq belonged previously to Siddipet and the Settlement of Siddipet terminates in 1967. Therefore the Revision of Gajwel taluq is expected to be undertaken after the expiry of the said year.

(d) The case of high assessments is being urgently attended to by the Board of Revenue. The pitch of assessment varies from jagir to jagir and the relief granted or to be granted are bound to be quite different from one another. The Board has recently taken up the question of five villages in Bhongir taluq.

Loni Khas

*87 (857) *Shri P Vasudev* Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) The extent of land granted under the 'Loni Khas' Rules?

(b) Whether under these rules land is allotted to other communities also besides Harijans?

(c) If so the percentage of land granted to Harijan?

(d) Which is the authority or body that take grant of lands under the said rules?

(e) Whether there is any connection between distribution of lands under the said Rules and the Acharya Vinoba Bhave Special Revenue Rules?

Shri B Ramkrishna Rao (a) The total acre of land granted under the Union Khats Rules is 49,190 acres of land.

(b) Yes to other notified communities also.

(c) No percentage of land is fixed in the matter of granting land to Harijans.

(d) District Committees consisting of Deputy Collector, Assistant Engineer and Assistant Director of Agriculture take grants of land under the above Rules with the participation of non-official members of Harijan and District Supply Committees.

(e) Shri Acharya Vinoba Bhave Special Rules of 1951 provide for the acceptance of free gift of land and such gifted land are distributed amongst suitable persons having regard to the wishes of the grantee as far as possible. Thus the scheme of land distribution among the Harijans and other backward classes and the Bhoos Yagna Scheme sponsored by Shri Vinoba Bhave are similar in action and object and are conducted independently of each other.

Tenancy Rights

*88 (806) *Shri Ch Venkatesam Rao* Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that Bhoos Ramkrishna and four other tenants of Gudguntlapalem village in Husainpur taluk were forced by the Sub Inspector of Police of Nizampet taluk who arrested them on 24.9.1952 to surrender their tenancy rights?

(b) If so for what reasons?

Shri B Ramkrishna Rao (a) No it is not a fact.

(b) This question does not arise.

(a) Compensation for Land

*89 (561) *Shri Vajrao Videsanath Phatak* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the owners of the fields through which the Aurangabad to Indapur Road was constructed forty years ago no compensation has been paid so far?

(b) If so what action does the Government propose taking in the matter?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) No case of compensation of land acquired for Aurangabad Indapur Road is pending except 6 cases wherein lands were recently acquired either for diversion of roads or for construction of bridges.

(b) And the land is still in assessment of land tax has been effected in the concerned land record papers.

*90 (864A) *Shri Nago Rao Ishwanath Phatak* Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that metal (Chunkhadi) was excavated from some private fields in Sivangi village of Aurangabad taluq without consulting the owners of the fields and without paying compensation to them for the construction of Haveli tank?

(b) Were there any complaints made by the owners of the farms?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) Yes. Proceedings relating to acquisition and compensation of land acquired for Haveli quarry at Sivangi are in progress.

(b) No.

Kothagudem Hospital

*91 (808) *Shri Ch. Venkat Ram Rao* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Matron of Kothagudem Hospital is showing racial discrimination in treating cases?

(b) Whether it is a fact that she always quarrels with nurses and in patients?

(c) Whether any representation has been received in this matter?

(d) If so what action has been taken thereon?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (a) No such information is available. It may be pointed out that the Hospital at Khatiyadin is not managed by the Medical Department.

(b) No information is available.

(c) No information from any agency has been received in the Medical Department.

(d) The question does not arise.

Headmaster's quarters

*92 (847) *Shri Manohar Pahal* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether Government are aware that Shri Madhai Lal Ex Head Master of Chhalpatti High School Amnarghad is occupying a portion of the school building, as he is identified practice in spite of the fact that the recommendation there is insufficient for the class rooms and in addition is causing damage to the school furniture by keeping the gates open after the school hours?

(b) Whether Government are also aware that Shri Sujat Ah the Deputy Director of Education during his tenure in 1947-48 ordered the said Headmaster to vacate the quarters?

(c) Whether it is a fact that the present Headmaster also has submitted an application in this regard?

(d) If so what action has been taken?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

(c) The answer is in the affirmative.

(d) Orders have been issued asking Mr. Madhai Lal to vacate the building.

Medicine chests

*93 (863) *Shri Nagorao Vithwanath Phatal* Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Medical chests supplied in Amnarghad district, contain medicines for three months?

(b) If so, when will the new stock be supplied?

(c) How many chests are distributed in Amnarghad district?

Shri Phulechand Gaudhi (a) & (b) Medicines supplied with each village Medicine chest are ordinarily sufficient for a period of four to six months. The last supply to Aurangabad district was in September 1952. The stocks are replenished periodically.

(c) So village medicine chest have been distributed and six more have recently been supplied in the Aurangabad district.

Patta for Village Sites

50 (60) *Shrimati Rajamma Devi* (Sussidi Reserved) Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether any and if so how many application have been received from Hindus for joining Patta of village site (Gionthra) lands during the last two years?

(b) For how many houses and in what places have such applications been granted?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) Patta, Khurji Kuthi Potumbake in Gionthra lands are acquired by Government to provide house site for Hindus. Such lands are not given as Patta to the Hindus. The question of the number of applications received in this connection does not arise.

(b) Lands thus acquired are given to Hindus who are desirous of constructing house. The number of applications cannot therefore be determined.

Acquisition of Land for Road

51 (816) *Shri Manichand Patade* Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) What is the total acreage of land acquired by the Government for constructing a road leading from Chikalthana to Shringar and Jirni to Bhokard in the district of Aurangabad?

(b) Whether compensation has been completely paid? If not when do the Government propose to pay it?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (a) The data regarding total acreage is not readily available and has been called for from the Collector, Aurangabad. This will be furnished to the House if sufficient notice is given.

(c) The payment of compensation for the land acquired is the direct responsibility of the Collector concerned. This information is not readily available and has been called for from the Collector.

اس درخواست کو منظور کرنے کے لئے وہاں سے اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔ (یہ بات کہ وہاں سے اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔) اس کے لئے اس وقت سے اس وقت تک اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔ (یہ بات کہ وہاں سے اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔) اس کے لئے اس وقت سے اس وقت تک اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔ (یہ بات کہ وہاں سے اسے واپس لے کر آئے اور اسے منظور کیا گیا۔)

Shri A. Raj Reddy : As far as I infer from the records read out by the hon. Speaker there should be either public policy or public interest for raising a question but the Chief Minister reply is simply a refusal. The second thing is whether the Chair can

Mr. Speaker : Does the hon. Member want to discuss the ruling given by me?

Shri A. Raj Reddy : No Sir But

Mr. Speaker : The hon. Member can see me in my Chamber

Shri A. Raj Reddy : I want to know whether the Chair on the merits of the case can decide.

Mr. Speaker : Whether it is in actual fact or not the Chair has to decide it under the rules. Rule 213 states "Subject to the provisions of these rules a member may with the consent of the Speaker" (Of course if this clause was not there, then the Chair would not have had this power)

Shri A. Raj Reddy : The Chair can only decide whether the Motion is in order or not. But on the question whether a breach of privilege has occurred or not it is not the Speaker who will decide it.

Mr. Speaker : with the consent of the Speaker raise a question of breach of privilege either of a member or of the Assembly or of a Committee thereof.

There are wide powers given to the Chair. More over no prima facie case has been established in the motion.

I let us proceed to the next item on the agenda. The bill regarding Habitual Offenders. I proposed yesterday that we should complete the first reading by 4.30 p.m. to-day. Would it be possible?

(Articles) کا ہونا جائز ہے۔ لیکن وہ (Inconsistency) (Repugnancy) کا طہا میں یا اس کا اور دیگروں میں
وہ نہ ظہر ہو اور ان میں سے ان کے لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
وہ کسی صورت میں (Statement of Object and Reasons) کے لئے نہ
کئے گئے ہوں۔ اس لئے ان کے لئے نہ ہو۔
بک (Hybrid Criminal Justice Act) کو ملحوظ رکھنا اور اس کے
موج ہونے کی وجہ سے اس کا وہ نہ ہو۔
اس میں ان کے لئے نہ ہو۔

for imposing restrictions on the movements of
habitual offenders for requiring them to report themselves to
specified authorities and for providing means for the correction
and reformation. The proposed legislation is intended to achieve
the object in view.

ان میں سے ایک اس کا طہا ہے جو وہ نہ ہو۔ اس کے لئے ایک اور
بے لگاتار ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
میں ان کے لئے ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
اس میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
کانگریٹ (Congress) میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔
اور پارلیمنٹ میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔
اگر وہ نہ ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
کے لئے ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
دے دیے گئے ہوں۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
مدد کے لئے ہو گا۔ اس لئے وہ نہ ہو۔
سنگھ (Subject Matter) کو ملحوظ رکھنا اور اس کے
دیکھنے میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔

مسٹر اسپیکر۔ کل میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔
چاہیے۔

شری اسی رائے کو اسے صرف اس لئے ہوا ہے۔
دوسرے میں سے ایک اور ہو گا۔

[Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair]

شری اسی رائے کو اسے۔ اب میں نے یہ دیکھا ہے۔
یہ ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

If any provision of a law made by the Legislature of a State is repugnant to any provision of a law made by Parliament which Parliament is competent to enact or to any provision of any existing law with respect to one of the matters enumerated in the concurrent list then subject to the provisions of clause (1) of the law made by the Legislature of such State the latter may be the existing law shall prevail and the law made by the Legislature of the State shall to the extent of the repugnance be void.

اگر کسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ ایسی ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے کسی قانون یا کسی ایسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ سے ٹکرائے ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون بنانے کے لیے اس کا اختیار ہے تو ایسی قانون کو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون کے خلاف قرار دیا جائے گا اور ایسی قانون کو اس حد تک موقوف کر دیا جائے گا جتنی پارلیمنٹ کے قانون سے ٹکرائے ہوگی۔

(Inconsistent) - (Repugnant) -

اگر کسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ ایسی ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے کسی قانون یا کسی ایسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ سے ٹکرائے ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون بنانے کے لیے اس کا اختیار ہے تو ایسی قانون کو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون کے خلاف قرار دیا جائے گا اور ایسی قانون کو اس حد تک موقوف کر دیا جائے گا جتنی پارلیمنٹ کے قانون سے ٹکرائے ہوگی۔

(State law) - (Existing law) - (Law in conflict) -

اگر کسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ ایسی ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے کسی قانون یا کسی ایسی قانون کی کوئی دفعہ سے ٹکرائے ہوگی جو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون بنانے کے لیے اس کا اختیار ہے تو ایسی قانون کو پارلیمنٹ کے قانون کے خلاف قرار دیا جائے گا اور ایسی قانون کو اس حد تک موقوف کر دیا جائے گا جتنی پارلیمنٹ کے قانون سے ٹکرائے ہوگی۔

In any case in which a Magistrate may in let the provisions of section 110 of the Code require a person to show cause why he should not be ordered to execute a bond for his good behaviour the Magistrate may in lieu of or in addition to requiring such person to show cause why an order of restriction should not be made against him

اگر کسی ایسی حالت میں ہوگی جس میں سیکشن 110 کے تحت کسی شخص کو یہ دکھانے کی ضرورت ہوگی کہ اسے اس کے برائے ہوئے کی ضمانت لینے کی ضرورت نہیں ہے تو جج یا جج صاحبان اس شخص کو اس کے برائے ہوئے کی ضمانت لینے کی ضرورت نہیں دے سکتے۔

(Security of good behaviour) - (Breach of peace) - (Security of good behaviour) - (Restriction) - (Security bond) - (Incompetency) -

اگر کسی ایسی حالت میں ہوگی جس میں سیکشن 110 کے تحت کسی شخص کو یہ دکھانے کی ضرورت ہوگی کہ اسے اس کے برائے ہوئے کی ضمانت لینے کی ضرورت نہیں ہے تو جج یا جج صاحبان اس شخص کو اس کے برائے ہوئے کی ضمانت لینے کی ضرورت نہیں دے سکتے۔

(۱) کہے گئے ہوں میں نے اسے اس حوالہ سے کہتا ہوں
 (۲) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۳) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۴) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۵) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۶) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۷) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۸) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۹) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے
 (۱۰) کہ وہ وہاں سے نکال دیا گیا ہے اور وہاں سے

وہ صدر نے اس بارے میں کہا کہ اسے سسٹم (۲)
 اس بارے میں (۳) میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں
 اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں
 اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں
 اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں

دوسرے دن اس نے کہا کہ اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں
 اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں
 اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں اسے اس بارے میں

یہ نیا و جامع اسمبل کرنا اور ایک میں حیاں اا ہوے مرحلہ ب
 اڑا باسٹ ڈریونگ (Fast Driving) کرنا ہے۔ عدا سے اکو ہر وہ
 حراہ لانا ہے۔ لانا جان اے ظاروں لانا ان اٹل میں ان انا حانا
 ہے۔ لانا ہواں اے فراہ ان اصولوں انا دی ہے۔ ہم اور میں حواہ
 فراہ لوہا میں سھک۔ ہم دے میں اور ذرا ہے میں مورس و فرس میں
 میں معھے انا حور ہے۔ ہم عوام کی سو کر۔ لے لے میں لک ان ر
 حکوم کرے لے لے میں اے لوگوں کو معلوم ہوا۔ ان لی کے ہم
 انکو رد احزاب لے ان اور زیاد۔ زیادہ لوگوں کو اس لے میں وہ
 اے احزاب کے باہر اسمبل۔ ذہنی ذرا میں کر لے

یک بریل کرے ہا۔ ہم لو احزاب میں واس تو ہیں لکن
 ہادی النظر میں ونا ہار و اس وہی حاصل ہوے ان واس حاشہ و حار ہوے
 گوا فرم کرے دی سے گاہ لوہ کرے نا ہے کڑلاے کی۔ ہم میں ()
 کے ہم اکو برا دنا۔ حلفہم ہی ہی ایک ال وجود ہے۔ نہ ہا کر
 ہار لوں لے ہواں کی مدد سے ایک۔ لہ لو عدالت میں ہا۔ ہم
 دو مال کی میں حیاں ہا حکم دنا۔ ہا عد ہا کورب ک لانا۔ لہ میں لہو ہا
 ؟ ہم سے لے گاہ ہی وول ہڈوں کی ہم میں آ لے ہواں ر ہولی
 اس لی میں ہم ہی حیاں میں اے اکو ک لہ ہی۔ وہ لانا انا ہا
 ہے ناہ وہاں معصل۔ ان ر عور لانا ہے

**Shri At S. Rajalingam* Mr. Speaker Sir, Various doubts and suspicions have been expressed about this Bill. I am afraid, Sir, that if we have looked to the responsibilities of the legislators themselves, we would not have suspected it and in reality is. It is I know it is not advisable also that we should do that. If we place the Bill through the Indian Constitution itself, we will find that it is very clearly stated Sir that whenever we have suspicions and doubts it is better to know the minds of the legislators through the Statement of Objects and Reasons, and I wish that before we at any time take up my Bill and go into the details it is better that all of us try to observe this principle in toto. Having taken this into consideration Sir the statement of Objects and Reasons clearly shows that the Criminal Tribes Act has been repealed and therefore it is necessary to enact legislation for imposing restrictions on the movements of habitual offenders for requiring them to report themselves to specified authorities and for providing means

for their correction and reformation. I as a responsible legislator am not in a position to attribute my motive or suspicion to the Government or to the legislators or to the party in power. I do expect a reciprocal response from the other side.

Secondly Sir I would like to congratulate the hon. Home Minister for having brought forward this Bill not because it is a Bill similar to the one existing in other Provinces but because I feel it is a timely one and has its own correct place. I feel we are now facing a new element who disregard law and order overlook the conception of the authority of State and the orders of the Municipal Authority or any Executive Authority may it be for any reason—its being tried to be flouted upon not by the middle class intelligentsia or the law abiding and peaceful citizen of the State by those persons who for their own interests perhaps apart from their own immediate welfare have taken it to their hands that the violent force must be brought into play so that they may have their way either in the Government or in the Society. Such is the state of Society and if a Bill of this sort has come up at this time I am sure it has come up at the proper time and has got a proper place.

In this connection Sir I would like to draw the attention of the House to one important point. Judiciary has now become very independent and instead of trying to the advantage of the judiciary in the best interests of law and order some bad elements have begun to make use of judiciary for their own interests by nullifying the effects of judiciary and bringing in violent forces. To this extent the whole Indian Evidence Act is in a way being nullified evidence is not coming forth before the Judiciary and the Executive is afraid to bring proper evidence. In view of the fact that violent forces are at play and the violent forces are making the witnesses say things which they do not want to say or which perhaps is not expected of them. Under these circumstances, when the whole peaceful law is in danger do we still expect that such a Bill should not be brought before the House?

I have got another thing to mention. We claim to have been the democrats of democrats. No party or no individual in this House has ever said anything against this, but when actually a Bill of this sort has been brought before the House we see forces

it play which say that we should go in defence of the criminally minded persons. I want to know why they say like that. Is it because we believe that for the maintenance of democracy, it is essential that these criminally minded persons should be made use of or is it because we believe that for a centralised democracy or a peoples democracy it is essential that these criminally minded persons should be absorbed in the Government and then made use of or is it because we have begun to realise or have got the conviction that violent forces must be brought into play to further the cause of democracy? So does it not give rise to suspicion that we have decided to create such conditions by way of using these forces? If we have to believe that partially at least may it be by our own conviction or by our weaknesses then the people who are defending it are in my opinion rightly defending it. I can understand persons whom I have characterised as having faith in a particular principle just now stating to take up to the defence of it but I cannot understand the Socialists, the democrats who believe in democratic socialism taking to this view point and trying to defend this. Is it because they are equally afraid that democratic socialism cannot be fully implemented in the light in which this Bill has been brought here and that it may also be applied to them because they happen to be in the Opposition benches? So if my Government has failed to convince the people who have got firm faith in democratic socialism and if the Socialists by themselves have not risen to the standard so as to have full confidence in the Government then I am afraid I have to pity the whole situation and say that the time is not yet ripe when democracy perhaps is not to be functioning in the fullest light. I hope the Select Committee which may perhaps come up will think out all the problems and I want to see that at least the democratic socialists shall bestow full faith in one another, have a joint will and make such alterations or amendments in the Bill wherein I may not see a division amongst the people who believe in this sort of principle.

So, many hon. Members have said that there is no definition of 'Habitual Offenders' in the Bill as such. Luckily I happened to get the amendments a day or two earlier and I noticed there that the definition was nothing extra in section 100 of Criminal Procedure Code minus clause (f), clause (1) is nothing, it only refers the clause to a part of breach of peace, and whoever has been feeling that breach of peace must be affected in the maintenance of democracy had their own doubts that this Bill might come up against them.

and is such they were trying to eliminate it. If they had the fullest faith in democracy and if we on the side of the House had been really contributing toward that end then we must realize that such a doubt is not necessary.

So humanitarian point of view was another point which had been often raised. How can that humanitarian position come in for those people who still believe that we have not yet achieved independence and for achieving real independence it is essential that the economically minded person must be made use of in their peaceful or aggressive work? We want to deal with those forces who primarily do not fit within the ambit of this 'humanitarian point of view'. It is to that section of the people we want to show courtesy which perhaps is not possible. It is not a fact that we lack humanitarian considerations. We have got our own convictions and I should say that no state under the present conditions can exist without force. I know countries which have been addicted to greater force and compared to them my Government perhaps have been using the minimum of force that could be ever said.

Lastly, the question of economy has been brought in. When the Primary Compulsory Education Bill was brought in one section of the House stated saying that because of lack of proper economy, the Bill must not come. Some such arguments were advanced then and later on only 'humanitarian reason' could convince them that it was not economy. But if we Education also that was wanting. Hence that particular section of the Opposition had fallen in line with us and in spite of not getting their votes we did compromise with them on certain issues and they were with us. Later on perhaps they realised that they committed a blunder therein because it cut at the very root of their fundamental principle, that they must not accept anything on the floor of the House which may be in the interests of the country, but does not have itself on the economy of the country. Any matter regarding a Bill, Resolution or Privilege whatever it may be is attributed to the economy of the country. They have missed that point in one Bill, they have now been alert, and let me congratulate them this time.

We have got to correct the Society along with reformation. Reformation and correction go side by side. I do not believe that reformation must be stopped till a full correction is made.

Mr S. L. O'Connell (Wexford) spoke. After hearing the speeches of the legal luminaries since these three days these (in words) know much of law or have forgotten the fact that we have in our much confused like Sir Robert C. O'Connell of Addison who would say Much can be said on both sides. All the legal speeches of the Opposition members who came to me have been for the Habitual Offenders. I am reminded of De Jersey's *Murder in a Man's Hat*. One of the Members on the other side I saw just now said that there are very few offenders. Perhaps he may be saying that there are none who are called Habitual Offenders. But I wish to say that if there is a first and habitual offender in the State the necessity for this legislation is justified since he is a menace to society. He is an enemy to society and hence even for the sake of the person who happens to be a habitual offender I wish that this law should be passed. As I said I do not possess much of a legal brain like those of the lawyers who understand the law splitting legal questions with questions of law but I am concerned here with the social side of this legislation. Section 15 of this Act is a thing which should appeal to everybody. In this connection I may be allowed to quote two extracts from two books about the havoc that the habitual offender does to society. I am here quoting from a book entitled *Typical Cases of Fact* published by the Home Ministry of the Irish Republic. Here it is stated like this:

An actual investigation have traced the records of the descendants of a woman alive in 1750 whose manner of life was thoroughly reputable. In 1935 these descendants totalled 500. In 1917 of the 1250 there were 464 were prostitutes, 115 criminals, 170 drunkards, 129 workhouse inmates and 181 habitual drunkards. Many of the rest were weak-minded in various degrees.

Now for the other side of the question.

Jonathan Edwards the famous Speaker and Writer in 1900 had 1391 descendants. Of them 13 were University Presidents, 65 University professors, 60 Doctors, 60 authors, 130 lawyers, 75 army officers, 100 clergymen and 80 high officers.

I may be allowed to quote another statement from 'The Human Family and India' by Dr. Mac

A vid bond called Jule was taken in New York in 1907. Seven generations of his family are here. I succeeded at every grade of vicarious seduction, and they are all professional pimps. I was physically weaker than my diseased wickedness, more than half the women fell into my snare. I was convicted criminal five times, I was murdered only 3 of them. I could not get on in prison so that only 10 out of 10000 that I could buy a normal. The whole lot of them cost the State \$500,000 (50 lakhs of rupees).

The paragraph concludes with the eloquent statement of the author: "If only the one man could have been killed!"

In the civilized countries they have found out that habitual offenders are incurable to society. One of the hon. Members on the opposite side yesterday was quoting from what he called "Mimi Samuti." I think it is "Mimi Samuti." I do not think he has read that. I am doubtful how it could not pronounce the name properly. In "Mimi Samuti" it is stated that those who are murderers, who burn houses, who rape women, who cause such horrible mischief to society should be killed at sight. They are called "Mithiyawo" (murder) and "Mimi Samuti" said that there is no room for killing such people. Of course, you have in better civilized times. I simply quoted this "Mimi Samuti" because on the other side an hon. Member quoted it.

One of the hon. Members on the other side said that habitual offenders can never be changed into good citizens. I think he has made a wrong estimate because scientific experiments have been made in Western countries. In England in 1908 an Act was passed called the "Habitual Act." All those between the ages 16 and 21 who were criminal were placed in what were called "Habitual Institutions" and it was found by experience that many of those that went to the institutions have been reformed and reclaimed for society. For those above 21 if they were still offending against the law preventive detention was applied.

In America one Mr. Osborne in 1917 instituted an experiment, in a place called Sing Sing, which is known as the "Sing Sing Experiment." It is a convict self-governing settlement. There are only 20 thousand habitual offenders were gathered

together. Then it also was a prison need upon. The result has been that two thirds of them became good people and there was no menace from them later on. The criticism Mr Osborne, was directed at when he first conceived of the revolution by them. But those who joined began to honour him later on. In the same way here the central idea of this legislation if I understand it rightly is to see that habitual offenders do not become a menace to society, that they should be reformed so that they may be useful to society. If there are any difficulties in the way if any political party thinks that the Government in practice is making it them they are completely mistaken. I am using this on the authority of the hon. Chief Minister's statement that was made yesterday. We should not view this thing in that part. The Government is, I think quite ready to accommodate such views and see that no injustice is done to anyone.

I am greatly interested in a statement made in the outside of the question. If there are any deficiencies in this Bill as one of the hon. Members on the other side and this side suggested this Bill may be referred to a Select Committee. While giving my support to such a motion I still feel that the important clauses of this bill should become part of the laws of the State.

Shri S. Ramanadham The Habitual Offenders Bill, which has been brought before the House and the various speeches made in defence of this Bill really upset me because the reasonable argument against this Bill is that unless the social order really facilitates the people in leading a better life such bills cannot prevent the wrongs that are committed in the society. Unfortunately the speeches that have been made in defence has naturally brought the history of our country before us. Those who speak on this violence and non-violence question seemed to have forgotten the lessons of life and the lessons of Indian history itself, when Government's have tried to repress the people with their brute authority launching an offensive against the people and upon the society. That will naturally be reacted with a violent reaction and the Government used against the people. This is the natural law of life. If the Govt. wants to crush the people, if it wants to end on innocent persons if it wants to defend all those who committed atrocities on innocent persons and crimes and upon the social order and then talk that violence has been prevailing, I cannot understand what it means. I can only say that this Bill cannot prevent what they think it will prevent, because

لاہم اگر اس بل کے علاوہ کسی مفید بل پر سرف کیا جانا تو میں سمجھتا نہ واقعی حکومت کا مسا سدھار کرنے کا ہے آپ ڈیپٹل سٹیٹ لوی ٹیکس بل (Capital Levy Taxation Bill) - ن لے - ٹیکسی بل (Emergency Bill) جس لے - مالداروں کی کوٹھیوں میں ہزاروں لاکھوں ، ٹروڑوں روپے موجود ہیں جس سے آپ اپنے ہمارے دھریکتے ہیں - رساں کے ہتوڑے کے بارے میں بل ہیں لے - مساوات کے بارے میں بل ہیں لے جس سے ملک کا سدھار ہو سکتا ہے اور وہ اعلیٰ آسکتا ہے جس سے اندھرا بنی نہ رہے۔ سورج کی روشنی لے کی ٹوسس تو ہیں لے - ہوتے ہوئے حکومت کی روشنی تلاش کرے ہیں - اور بل لے جس سے وہ اپنے جس سے ٹریبون کو حیل میں بھجنا چاہتے -

حوالہ پیش کیا گیا ہے اس میں موجودہ معاشی بحران کا لحاظ نہیں رکھا گیا ہے۔ اس بل پر کان عوز کرنے کی ضرورت ہے - ہم جان حواہ حواہ وقت مانع کرنے کے لیے ہیں بیٹھے ہیں - میں کہہ چکا کہ اس بل سے وہ مقصد پورا نہیں ہو سکتا حوطاھر داکرہ ہے بلکہ اس کے پیچھے دوسری سب معلوم ہوتی ہے - اس لیے ہم اس بل کی ضرورت میں محسوس کرتے - آرہیں سرفارنگوا ٹری اور آرٹس چیف مسٹر کے لہا کہ معاشی بحران پر اس وقت فکر نہیں کی جانی سب قائل کرتے ہیں اور زمینیاں پر قصہ لڑتے ہیں - یہ باب میں شامل ہے - انوں کے ہاتھوں کی ایک ٹیبلٹ بھی لائی - اور لہا کہ ہم ڈیوٹریٹک انیسولوں پر آگے بڑھا چاہتے ہیں وٹمرہ وٹمرہ - وہ صدیوں کی ہزار ہا ہوں کو دھرا رہے تھے - میں اس کے جواب میں صرف ایک بار لہا چاہا ہوں -

سچ کہہ دوں اے برہمن کر تو ہرا نہ مانے

میرے صم کلوں کے سہ ہو گئے ہر اے

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

بڑے زمینداروں کے کسٹریج رساں اٹھیا کرلی ہیں اگر آپ اس باب کا پلندہ ڈھولیں تو معلوم ہوگا کہ دو دن اپکر رکھے والا ٹلر (Tillak) پائی ہیں ہے - یہ ہاں ہری ہیں - آج آجیسوں صدی میں نیشہ کر ہم ایسی ہزار ہا ہوں تو ہیں دھرا سکتے - میں یہ چیر بھی صاف طور پر کہہ دیا چاہا ہوں کہ سب سدھار یا معاشی سدھار کے لیے اچھے اچھے ہنس تو ہیں آتے لیکن میری چوول انڈرس کا بل لایا جانا ہے - جیسا کہ چہ مسٹر نے فرمایا ان کے اسلئے حادہ میں اور بھی جب سے اسلئے ہیں (اور اورا نے اس کا صاف اندرال بھی لڑنا ہے) تو پھر میں لہا ہوں ان اسلئے کے ہاومود کہو کہ یہ لہا بل لایا جا رہا ہے اور اس کے پیش کرنے پر ٹیوں اصرار لیا جا رہا ہے ا یہ ہم ہیں کہتے کہ اگر کوئی شخص دو بارہ حرم کرنے تو اسکو انعام دینا چائے اور

لیکن اس وقت تک کہ وہ اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر
 اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر
 اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر
 اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر

وہ اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر
 اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر
 اس کے پاس گیا۔ اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر

اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
 اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
 اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
 اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔

My Spikes Do not interfere

اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
 اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
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اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔
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 اس نے اس کے لئے اپنی جگہ سے اٹھ کر اس کے پاس گیا۔

- 5 Shri S Rudrappa Member
- 6 Shri A Rya Reddy Member
- 7 Shri Annayya Rao Gowda Member
- 8 Shri Ananth Reddy Member
- 9 Shri Asutla Iyami Narasimha Reddy Member
- 10 Shri Dewar Hussain Member

With a direction that the report of the Committee be submitted on or before 15th February 1953

Mr Speaker The question is

That I A Bill No XXXI of 1952 a Bill to make provision for restricting the movements of habitual offenders in the State of Hyderabad for requiring them to report themselves and for placing them in settlements, be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the following Members

- 1 Shri D G Bindu (x Official Chairman of the Committee
- 2 Shri Gopal Rao Ikhote Member
- 3 Shri Newsakha Shripada Lakshminarayana, Member
- 4 Shri S Rudrappa Member
- 5 Shri R B Deshmukh Member
- 6 Shri A Rya Reddy Member
- 7 Shri Annayya Rao Gowda, Member
- 8 Shri Ananth Reddy, Member
- 9 Shri Asutla Iyami Narasimha Reddy Member
- 10 Shri Dewar Hussain, Member

With a direction that the report of the Committee be submitted on or before 15th February 1953

The motion was adopted

Mr Speaker I think there is hardly any time now to take up the other item on the agenda namely the first reading of the Hyderabad Land Revenue Bill

Shri B Ramolal Jina Rao I think I will not like to finish my explanation of the first reading I take up now. There is only five minutes time left. I beg to withdraw it up on the next day Monday

اے وہ آج اور کل پانچ روپے اور پندرہ روپے کے لئے پورٹ جو
 لگے اور اس کے لئے ہونے والے اس کے لئے اور اس کے لئے
 اور اس کے لئے اور اس کے لئے اور اس کے لئے

Shri A Raja Reddy Point of information Sir. Which rules have we to print?

Mr Speaker No printing. Only the contents of procedure that we are now following have to be

Shri A Raja Reddy They are to be adopted by the House

Mr Speaker Yes

8.55 p.m. The House then adjourned till Monday next i.e. till the 8th on Monday the 8th December 1952